Watchman


# Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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## Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real nam of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Paris of America is trying to make a Venice of herself.

THE new five cent piece was short lived. Its birth seems to have been a premature one at any rate, as it was imperfect in more than one respect.

EX-GOVERNOR MARSHALL JEWELL died at his home in Hartford, Conn., on Saturday afternoon, the 10th inst., a telegraphic notice of the event appearing in this paper at the time.

CONGRESS should let the dead bury their dead and not waste so much valuable time on obituary speeches. First thing Congress knows it will be called upon to eulogize a dead business.

THE present session of Congress ends on the first of March and there has only been one general appropriation bill passed and signed by the President. There should be more work and less talk.

THE Reading city hospital asks for an appropriation from the state of $25,000, providing the citizens contribute the some amount. With this sum it is thought the building can be erected and equipped.

THE new River and Harbor bill appropriates only about $8,000,000, though the popular impression is that the sum is about $8,000,000 too much. It is said to contain many objectionable features.

REV. DR. EVERETT, D. D., Governor Pattison's private secretary, will lecture in the Court House at Harrisburg on Thursday evening, February 22. Subject, "Men Who Win." The learned D. D. being now among the winning crowd he perhaps can tell how it was done.

CINCINNATI, but a few weeks ago, subscribed something like $20,000 to relieve the sufferers by the floods along the Rhine and its tributaries. To-day she is half submerged by the swollen current of the Ohio, and hungry people crowd her streets. Perhaps the bread cast upon the waters will return via Berlin.

THE bill pending in the state legislature at Harrisburg which proposes to require all railroads in the state traversing the rural districts to fence in their tracks is a measure which finds strong support in the farming interests, in consequence of the heavy loss of live stock suffered by the farmers from railroad accidents.

IT is not often that a man's estate is undervalued when he dies, but such is the case with the late Rev. Dr. Mercer, of Newport, R. I. Soon after his death the estate was valued at $200,000, and now it is found to amount to over one million dollars. He had been taxed at $10,000, and great surprise was manifested at the revelation.

MADAME NILSSON is establishing a new popularity in the west by studying and practicing the game of poker in the parlor car in which she travels. She never bets, however, higher than fifty cents, and invariably loses about two dollars a day to Del Puente or Bjorkstern or some other member of her troupe. This is given as a fact to an interviewer to whom the prima donna has made her confession. It is the latest invention in the free advertising line.

A DOMESTIC astronomer has discovered that the sun at the present time is in a state of extraordinary perturbation. Those mysterious spots upon its surface which are in a constant state of flux and reflux are exceptionally large and lively, and indicate disturbances of an extensive character. Perhaps there is some connection between this circumstance and the state of the weather of late, and especially with the destructive floods which have taken place on both sides of the Atlantic.

### Our Iron Industry.

The following remarks on a subject of vast importance in this community are from the Philadelphia *North American:* "The American manufacture of pig iron has of course not yet been able to attain the colossal dimensions reached by the British iron workers, but nevertheless it is second only to that production in the international metal industries of the world, and the official statement of the production of pig iron in the Republic in the year 1882 is 4,623,323 tons—almost half a million tons in excess of any previous year's production in the United States. Is will be observed that we have not yet been able to reach the consummation of producing a ton of iron for every bale of cotton in our annual crops, but still we have made much more rapid progress in that direction than many of our friends expected. The condition of the iron trade at the present time in many parts of the country is most distresting, in consequence of the unfortunate influence of the tariff agitation and the prevalent apprehension of a large decrease of the protective duties. Our impression all along has been that the troubles in the iron trade must necessarily be temporary, and easily overcome as soon as the tariff question should be settled by Congress. But we confess to a feeling of uneasiness in view of the extraordinary increase, magnitude and accumulation of failures, suspensions, stoppages, strikes and other troubles among the large iron manufacturers.

"Pennsylvania has usually been regarded as mainly responsible for agitation on the subject of protection; but in the present emergency our iron interests were able to stand up manfully under the pressure, while the disasters referred to have multiplied rapidly in New England, New York, the West and South. We call particular attention to this subject at the present time as exhibiting the enormous magnitude, value and influence of the innumerable branches of the American iron industries, and the extreme folly of that sort of legislation which would cripple producing interests to such a collossal extent for the sake of benefiting the foreign trade in imported iron and steel. If the outcome of the present tariff legislation in Congress shall be favorable to the great national cause of protection upon a permanent basis, such as will not likely be disturbed for several years, we entertain no doubt that the national iron industries would soon be able to recover themselves, to make good all their losses, and perhaps to raise the annual production to six million tons of pig iron. It must, however, be understood clearly that the present disasters are not artificial or deliberately contrived by the leading influences of the trade for the purpose of alarming Congress at the prospect ahead. We are very well aware that the publication of the countless disasters is always regarded with suspicion on occasions like the present. But we can assure all who feel an interest in the subject that there is unfortunately too much reason to believe the loss sustained by trade to be fully as great as these disasters would indicate."

### Edwin D. Morgan.

Not the least of the great figures that the year has seen pass away is that of Edwin D. Morgan. It is a melancholy retrospect for the journalist scanning the sheaves gathered by the hand of death to recall the few who wrought with the patriot who passes away. Mr. Morgan was one of the brotherhood which the Nation has come to know as the War Governors. Pre-eminent by no exceptional gifts of intellect, Mr. Morgan was, during his political career, a strong rock to the imperiled cause of human freedom. Coming into political life late, he applied the same rare qualities of business sagacity which had created a great fortune even among the greatest fortunes of the Metropolis. From Alderman he was promoted to State Senator, and in 1858 succeeded to the Governorship in the first success of the infant Republican party. Re-elected in 1862, he demonstrated admirable fitness for the crisis. His clear sense and trained intelligence were of more value to the Union than many more brilliant parts would have been. He was the support and resource of the sorely tried President, while his mastery of the details of military administration were unquestioned factors in the creation of New York's contingent in the field. Tireless as he was undoubtedly in the cause of the Union, he inspired all who came within range of his conservative influence and business-like methods with a just idea of the work to be done and the spirit in which it should be done. Elected to the Senate in 1863, he exhibited the same qualities in Washington that had inspired the confidence of the people and the party in New York. During the most fiercely contested campaigns Governor Morgan escaped calumny and misrepresentation. Mentioned for the Presidency and proffered the Treasury when Arthur succeeded Garfield, as he had been before by both Lincoln and Grant, the veteran was forced to decline through delicate health. His later years have been devoted to a refined leisure which has to some extent obscured him from public view. His loss is, therefore, more a reminder of the figure he once made than a gap in the active potentialities of the day. He was a tower of strength to his party, wise in council, sagacious in campaigns, and of undisputed authority wherever the destinies of the republic were at stake in legislation, party policy, or the choice of available means to ends.—*Phil'a Press.*

### Tennessee and Pennsylvania.

The Nashville *Banner*, a journal published in the capital city of Tennessee, endeavors to defeat the course of that State in repudiating a portion of its debt by saying that it is only following in the footsteps of Pennsylvania and other States in the matter of repudiation. The Philadelphia *North American*, after clearly stating the case on behalf of this State, concludes in the following terse sentences:

Mark, now, that the only ground for the charge of repudiation against Pennsylvania consisted in its temporary default in payment of interest, and that this default was the logical outcome of the policy of the same political party which has made the name of Tennessee a stench in the nostrils of honest men. But for the destruction of the defences of industry under the sliding-scale tariff, and the grievous distemper bred by the arbitrary defiance of every law of finance by Andrew Jackson, there would have been no occasion for a default in interest paying by this Commonwealth. It was William F. Johnston, then a legislator, and a Whig, who introduced the relief act, and saved the credit of Pennsylvania. No man, Democrat or Whig, proposed deliberately to repudiate a dollar of the debt, principal or interest. The bondholders had to wait, but they got their pay. It would be to the everlasting credit of Tennessee were its citizens to follow in the footsteps of Pennsylvania, without missing a single one, even that of temporary default of interest on their full debt, and then address themselves to the work of paying that debt dollar for dollar. We regret that Pennsylvania ever gave cause for criticism by its temporary default, but that it never repudiated is plain to all who may know, if they choose, that our credit is second to none anywhere, either in States or nations.

THE *Watchman* gives as a reason why the county commissioners should build the High street bridge that six townships, viz., Liberty, Howard, Boggs, Union, Huston and Worth, collectively, pay annually into the county treasury only $5,-165.70, yet each one has a county bridge within its territory, while Bellefonte alone contributes $4,500 to the county funds, and is in such an embarrassed condition financially that it is absolutely impossible for her to re-erect the destroyed structure.

YORK has a night school with one hundred students in attendance.

### The Floods.

There are floods in every direction, but those to which we allude now are the ones which caused such an increased volume in the waters of the Ohio river during last week and which reached their highest point at Cincinnati on Thursday. The horrors of the scenes in that city and the damage all along the course of the river have been outlined in dispatches from day to day. The river is higher than ever before at Cincinnati. A large part of the city is submerged and the poor are suffering very greatly. The evil effects of the flood will be felt long after the waters have receded, as the filth and dirt left in the wake of the waters will breed disease.

Other smaller places have suffered even worse. Lawrenceburg, for instance, is nothing but a sea of water which covers the houses from a depth of from ten to fifty feet.

The Miami and Kentucky rivers, with numerous smaller adjuncts, swell the Ohio between Cincinnati and Louisville, while lower down the Wabash and the Cumberland, raging and riotous, unite their immense volumes of water with the overcharged Ohio.

A few miles lower down, Ohio's greatest tributary, the Tennessee, which drains Southwestern Virginia, Northern Alabama and twice crosses the State of Tennessee, is also loaded to its banks with a volume of water almost equal to that of the Ohio itself above their point of junction. There is every reason to apprehend, therefore, that the Southern Ohio Valley is about to be visited with a most disastrous flood. It will pour into the Mississippi at Cairo such a volume of water as it never has before since the settlement of our Western country. The Mississippi is wide and roomy, and when but one of its feeders rages at a time, it usually succeeds in carrying its waters to the Gulf without serious disturbance.

In the present case, however, so mighty is the torrent coming down the Ohio, that a general feeling of uneasiness prevails on the lower Mississippi lest an experience even worse than last year is in store for them.

Then the destruction will be widespread and the want and woe caused by it will appeal to all for help. Prayers for aid will go forth to more favored communities and their petitions should not be in vain. It is *apropos* to say that Cincinnati subscribed $20,000 to the sufferers by the late European freshets and she in turn will probably now become an object of charity.

THE long list of eminent men who have died within the year has been further lengthened by the decease of ex-Governor Morgan, of New York, which occurred on Wednesday morning. Alike as a successful merchant and an able statesman, Mr. Morgan had a national reputation. He not only amassed great wealth, but he used it with public spirited liberality, and in his political life he united great sagacity and courage with an unimpeachable integrity. Though advanced in years, he retained to the end full possession of his faculties, and, as will be remembered, it is not much more than a year ago since he was offered and declined the Secretaryship of the Treasury. He was a man of whom New York, with which State he was identified, might well be proud.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, of Vermont was president of a base ball club twenty years ago, and Governor Pattison at one time was an active member of a ball club. Join a base ball club and if you don't get killed there is such a thing possible of you as becoming President of the United States.

THE action of the Harrisburg House compelling all institutions asking for State aid to show their ways and means of business is a move in the right direction.

### The Death of Wagner.

The death was announced on Tuesday morning, the 13th, of Richard Wagner, the famous composer, and lovers of music will grieve at the intelligence. It is not necessary to be Wagnerian to recognize the fact that the world of music has suffered a heavy loss in the death of so dominant a genius, and that at a time when his extraordinary powers had not yet begun to show any signs of exhaustion.

Having spent his life in combating Italian music it is noteworthy that he sought inspiration in his declining years under the skies of Sicily, and that his death occurred in Venice, the birthplace of "Semiramide," the home of musical gayety and frivolity. Wagner, however, and his theories have now passed over to the shores of silence, and the world is left to estimate the worth of one whose bassoons have long boomed loudly in its ear. He was a man of indomitable courage, strong in his purpose, obstinate in his convictions, and after years of rebuff, of mockery and disdain, he found a king to foster his views of art and a public to hear them with attention and respect. Like Gluck, like Mozart, like Weber, he opened new paths of opera, and dying when his fame had reached its meridian he can only be judged impartially by posterity which will decide whether his great strength lay in clearing the others or whether he added to the master works of music which gather new glory with each successive age.

### The County Statement.

We circulate this week the statement of the receipts and expenditures of Centre county as furnished us by the commissioners, the work having been done at the *Reporter* office at Centre Hall. If any of our subscribers fail to get a supplement they must not blame us, for the reason that enough were not furnished to much more than half supply all our subscribers. We circulate, however, what we have. We would say to such as may not be favored that they will not lose much, for the supplements are printed in such a jumbled up mess that no one can make head or tail out of the matter. We should have circulated them weeks ago, but supposed that the commissioners might require Mr. Kurtz to furnish such a job as could be read and understood by the general reader, but as they do not we send out what we have and will try to make them cover the county as well as we can. We can see no good reason why enough should not have been furnished to give each subscriber a copy, as we supposed the commissioners would desire to give their report as wide a circulation as possible. It is important information to the people and will be read with as much interest by one party as the other; but, as we say above, those who do not get one will be as wise as those who do.

THE Cimbria disaster investigation, so far as it has gone, develops nothing new in the case beyond the facts as at first reported, except that it has become painfully evident there was not the slightest attention paid to the water tight compartments, and that they were in all probability left open, thus defeating the very object of their creation. It is in evidence that no regulations existed in respect to them and consequently there was no routine to call them to the attention of any of the officers. There should certainly be not only regulations, but periodic drills in regard to all life-saving and protective devices on board vessels, more especially of the passenger class. It has been fully established that such drilling is effective on land, and it is certainly more imperatively needed amid the wild waste of waters.

SECRETARY CHANDLER is favorably mentioned as the successor of Marshall Jewell as Chairman of the Republican National Executive Committee.

### GENERAL NOTES.

Rabbit hunting by moonlight is now a fashionable sport in various parts of Illinois.

A Florida orange grower has ordered 200 barrels of snuff from Connecticut for use as a fertilizer.

An Illinois court has decided that a woman's lie about her age doesn't invalidate her insurance policy.

Dora Wheeler the artist, is described as a tall willowy girl with dark hair and eyes, and a face full of animation.

George Wallace, a hunter, who lives near New Tacony, W. T., recently shot a deer, the cote of which was snow-white.

A manatee, or sea-cow, was recently captured near Rockledge, Fla., which weighed over 2000 pounds and was fourteen feet long.

In drilling for an artesian well at Chesterfield, Iowa, a stream of milky substance was struck, which is believed to be magnesia.

The Animas Forks *Pioneer*, Colorado, holds the highest position of any newspaper in the world—11,480 feet above the level of the sea.

The celebrated hostelry, the White House Cellar, in Piccadilly, London, is about to be pulled down and replaced by a modern hotel.

A man drew a crowd at Westfield, Mass., by going home with a fashionable bonnet on his head. He was winning that article on a wager.

At Stavenfel-on-the-Rhine there are the ruins of an old church which was brought to decay by a lawsuit about titles which lasted forty years.

An eighteen days' tournament of cock-fighting is announced by the Chihuahua *Enterprise* to begin in that city on the 20th instant.

A Georgia boy, according to the Atlanta *Constitution*, last year cultivated three-quarters of an acre of land with a goat, raising 233 pounds of lint cotton.

A report comes from Florida that wild ducks are so thick in the streams in Brevard County that they have to be shoved aside to allow boats to pass.

The well-known elephant in the Zoological Gardens at Berlin, which is generally used for the conveyance of children about the grounds, has just killed his keeper.

A man who was burned in effigy two years ago, at Quincy, Ill., has just found out who incited the demonstration, and commenced a suit against him for $10,000 damages.

A chemist in Germany has introduced a new system of preserving butter by covering it with a layer an inch in thickness of a strong solution of sulphite of lime, which he also used to preserve cider.

Eight thousand packages of tea were refused a landing in England under the Adulteration act during 1881 and 1882, and it is said much of it found its way into the "gift" tea stores of the United States.

The *Melbourne Argus* states that the wreck of a vessel of about 300 tons has been discovered at Fay River, New Guinea. The natives report that the crew, numbering seventeen, has been eaten by the Keewai tribe.

Six years ago on February 12, 1877, the first public exhibition of the telephone was made in Lyceum Hall, Salem, Mass., the report being sent by telephone to the Boston *Globe* and printed the next morning.

A Boston landlady, whose impecunious border owed her a bill of $50, was finally prevailed upon to take 18 shares of telephone stock, which then had no market value. She can now sell them for $5,000.

The United States stamped envelope works, Hartford, shipped 35,500,000 envelopes and newspaper wrappers during January, nearly 2,000,000 more than during any month since the opening of the works in that city.

A Williamsport hunter came across a large bear in the mountains the other day. When he raised his gun to fire the animal stood on his hind legs and began to dance. The hunter thought it was the devil and took to his heels.

A Niagara Falls photographer has made a big hit in photographing children apparently on the edge of a precipice. A Buffalo lady was so affected by the realism of the thing that she screamed the moment that she laid eyes on the picture.

The scheme of reclaiming land by filling in the Back Bay of Boston has proved a profitable enterprise for the State. The receipts from the sale of lots amount to $4,646,000, and the outlay has been only $1,640,000. Besides this profit, fifty acres have been added to the deep-water area of the harbor.

The proposal to forbid by law the ringing of "rousing bells" in the morning, in New England manufacturing towns, is opposed by the mill hands, who argue that the alarm is a great convenience to the majority, and not much of a nuisance to the minority.

In response to a petition signed by 300 boys and girls asking that certain streets be set aside for coasting purposes, the Common Council of Burlington, Iowa, held a special session and unanimously directed the Mayor to carry out the wishes of the young folks.

Mr. Lane-Fox, of London, has constructed a lightning beef killer. The instant the animal is touched with a little brass knob an inch spark of electricity passes into the brain, producing instant and painless death. It is equally as effective on murderers.

The ranch of the Pawnee Valley Stock-Breeders' association is now considered the finest in Kansas. They own 2,700 acres, of which 1,100 are fenced, and have five miles frontage on the Pawnee and two miles on the Fort Learned Military Reservation.

A Laribee, Ga., husband and wife do not propose to be separated in death. They had a coffin made wide enough for two, and a grave dug to hold it. Their plan is that when one dies the other shall immediately commit suicide so that their bodies may be buried at the same time, while their souls stimultaneously enter eternity.

# Poetry.

[Published by Request.]

## SLEEP.

"SO HE GIVETH HIS BELOVED SLEEP."

He sees when their footsteps falter, when their
hearts grow weak and faint;
He marks when their strength is failing, and
listens to each complaint;
He bids them rest for a season, for the path-
way has grown too steep;
And folded in fair green pastures, He giveth
His loved ones sleep.

Like weary and worn out children, that sigh
for the daylight's close,
He knows that oft they are longing for home
and its sweet repose;
So He calls them in from their labors ere the
shadows around them creep,
And silently watching o'er them, He giveth
His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it, oh, so gently! as a mother will
hush to rest
The babe that she softly pillows so tenderly on
her breast;
Forgotten are now the trials and sorrows that
made them weep;
For with many a soothing promise He giveth
His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it! friends the dearest can never
this boon bestow;
But He touches the drooping eyelids and placid
the features grow;
Their foes may gather about them, and storms
around them sweep,
But, guarding them safe from danger, He giveth
His loved ones sleep.

All dread of the distant future, all fears that
oppress to-day,
Like mists, that clear in the sunlight, have
noiselessly passed away;
Nor call nor clamor can rouse them from slum-
bers so pure and deep,
For only His voice can reach them who giveth
His loved ones sleep.

Weep not that their toils are over; weep not
that their race is run!
God grant that we may rest as calmly when
our work, like their's, is done!
Till then we would yield with gladness our
*treasures* to Him to keep,
And rejoice in the sweet assurance, He giveth
His loved ones sleep.

## LITTLE AH SID.

Little Ah Sid
Was a Chinee kid—
A cute little cuss, you'd declare—
With eyes full of fun
And a nose that begun
Right up at the roots of his hair.

Jolly and fat
Was this frolicsome brat
As he played through the long summer day,
And braided his cue
As his father used to do
In Chinaland far, far away.

Once o'er a lawn
That Ah Sid played upon
A bumble bee flew in the spring.
"Melican butterfly!"
Said he with a winking eye;
"Me catchee and pull off um wing."

Then with his cap
He struck it a rap—
This innocent bumbley-bee—
And put its remains
In the seat of his jeans:
For a pocket there had the Chinee.

Down on the green
Sat the little sardine,
In a style that was strangely demure;
And sat with a grin
That was brimful of sin;
"Me mashee um butterfly sure."

Little Ah Sid
Was only a kid.
Nor could you expect him to guess
What kind of a bug
He was holding so snug
In the folds of his loose flitting dress.

"Ki-ya! Ki-yip-ye!"
Ah Sid cried as he
Rose hurriedly up from that spot.
"Ka-ki! Yuk-a-kan!"
"Dam um 'Melican man—
Um buttlefly belly much hot!"

# Our Story Teller.

## Living it Down.

"Did your mother send you on such an errand as that to me?"

Bernard Reed, a lad of sixteen, whose coarse, ill fitting garments ill-accorded with the proud bearing and sensitive face, shrunk from the cold, stern eyes directed toward him.

"No sir. She did not know that I was going to look for work.

Mr. Burchard looked keenly at the frank young face.

"I knew your mother some years ago. Did she ever speak of me?"

"Not that I remember of."

A bitter sneer curled the thin lips.

"How strange when we used to be such good friends."

Bernard looked puzzled, came to the conclusion that this strange man was displeased at his mother's apparent forgetfulness of their old friendship.

"I remember now hearing mother say once as you was riding by, that she had known you when you were a poor boy, that you were rich and prosperous now, and she hoped happy."

"How very kind in her. Yes, I am rich and prosperous now. There has been a change in our surroundings since I was a poor boy and she the daughter of a millionaire. And so you came upon your own responsibility?"

"Yes, sir, I heard you wanted a boy in your store about my age."

"I should want want a boy long, before I would employ the son of Albert Reed, the defaulter."

The blood suddenly receded from the face of the listener, and then returning, crimsoned his temples.

"It is not true."

Not many men would have gazed unmoved into those wild, imploring eyes, seeming to entreat a denial of a charge so terrible, but Mr. Burchard went pitilessly on:

"It is true, as you find. Albert Reed, your father, was sent to the penitentiary, and but for an act of executive clemency, in the last months of his life, would have died there. Didn't you know that?"

"No, nor do I know it now."

"Go ask your mother, boy; she will tell you what I say is true."

"Bernard hardly knew how he found himself out on the street amid the busy, bustling crowd of the great city. His brain seemed on fire, and his heart that lately beat so high lay like lead on his bosom.

His father had died when he was a mere child, but words and circumstances rushed upon his mind, to which he paid little heed at the time, which aroused fears and suspicions that nearly maddened him.

In a poor room, in the poorest part of the city, sat Mrs. Reed, straining her tired eyes over some fine sewing. Leaning back in her chair with a long, weary sigh, she glanced up at the clock. It was considerably past the time for Bernard to return from school. What could detain him?

Then she remembered what he had said in the morning when he kissed her good-bye.

"You are working too hard, mother. I must find something to do so as to help you."

What a good boy he was. How strong, brave and hopeful. With all the sorrows and hardships which were slowly wearing her down to her grave, she could not feel that her mind was utterly devoid of sunshine while he was left.

As Mrs. Reed thus mused, hurried, unsteady footsteps were heard ascending the stairs, so unlike those she was expecting that she arose, a vague feeling of alarm at her heart. Bernard entered and advanced toward her.

"Mother, Mr. Burchard says that my father was—but no. I cannot name it. Father—my father—could never be so bad as that."

Pressing her hand to her side, Mrs. Reed sank back in her chair.

One glance at his mother's pale face, and Bernard threw himself on his knees and buried his face in her lap.

Mrs. Reed laid her trembling hand on that bowed head.

"My poor boy!"

And a pang of compunction smote Bernard's heart as he glanced at the pale, sorrowing face bent over him.

"Forgive me, mother; I know now what it is that has made your life so sorrowful. But why did you never tell me this? He knew that I must hear of it, that it must be cast up to me as it has been. It was cruel in him to leave me, his only son, a heritage of shame like this."

"Hush, Bernard; you must not speak of your father thus to me. He paid the penalty of his sin, as sin it was; nor would I have you consider it otherwise. Though the world scorn and condemn him, you, his son, must not cast reproach upon his memory. He used money that was not his; he betrayed the trust reposed in him. I want you to see the thing he did in all its blackness and moral deformity. No man more truly repented or tried more earnestly to atone. His last prayer was that I might so live as to lift the reproach from your name and his."

Rising to his feet, Bernard looked sadly upon the speaker, from whose eyes tears were falling fast.

"You have heeded that injunction well, mother. I shall not forget your teachings. But if all are to judge me as Mr. Burchard does, what will avail?"

"They will not; you will find few men like him; no men can really harm you, Bernard, but yourself. As for this, which so discourages and hinders you now, you must live it down."

This was the last conversation that Bernard had with her on the subject. The following night Mrs. Reed was seized with hemorrhages of the lungs, and before the dawning of another day the tired heart which had borne its burden so patiently was at rest.

A few weeks later Bernard and Mr. Burchard met again.

Bernard shrank from those keen, critical eyes, which were quick to note the change in his look and bearing.

"You found my words true?"

"I found them true. But to condemn the son for the father's sin is cruel and unjust, as you will some day acknowledge."

"It is the way of the world, boy. What can you do single-handed against the world?"

Between Bernard and that jeering smile there floated a fair face, whose tender eyes looked beseechingly into his. He raised his hand upward and said:

"I can live it down."

* * * * * *

Twenty years later there sat upon the judicial bench of a New England town a judge so noted for his learning and integrity that his fame went out through all its length and breadth.

Few would have recognized the dignified man, whom all classes delighted to honor, as the poor, friendless lad whom we introduced to the reader at the commencement of our story. And yet it was so.

Step by step, through difficulties and discouragements that would have daunted a less brave and resolute spirit, Bernard Reed had slowly fought his way upward, until he stood at the head of his profession and had won a place among the noblest of the land.

Blessed with the companionship of a loved and loving wife, with happy children clustered about his knees, he had not been less fortunate than in public life.

He did not forget in his prosperity the trials and sorrows of his youth; apart from his legal honors he had won, many lips praised, many hearts blessed him. Inflexible in the discharge of his official duties, never forgetting in weak sympathy for the criminal the good of the community, whose faithful and honored servant he was, no heart more quick to feel for the weak and erring, no hand more ready to lift them up, if possible, to a better and purer life.

One day Judge Reed led up the steps of his stately mansion a forlorn looking boy, who clung sobbing to him. He entered a room where his wife was sitting with the youngest child on her knee.

"My love, a terrible thing happened in court to-day. One of the prisoners sentenced, the father of this boy, frenzied with shame and despair, shot himself. I used to know the father of this unfortunate man, who lives in New York, and to whom I shall telegraph. The little fellow is nearly heart-broken, and I leave him with you to care for and comfort as only a mother can."

The following day an old man was shown into the library where Judge Reed was sitting.

"I received your telegram, sir. How shall I thank you for the kindness you have extended to the child of my poor, unfortunate son?"

As Judge Reed looked at the bowed head, bowed and whitened more by sorrow than time, the long tide of years rolled back. When he spoke his voice was almost as tremulous as that of his visitor.

"By dealing more kind and just than you once dealt with me."

The old man turned an inquiring and puzzled look upon the speaker.

"We have met before, Mr. Burchard. Twenty years ago, a lad of sixteen, I entered your office in search of employment. Do you remember what you said to me?"

The flushed and conscious face was the only answer to his query; nor was any other needed.

"Do you remember what I said to you at our second meeting?"

There was no verbal response to this either, and Judge Reed continued in a gentle tone:

"God forbid that I should add a feather's weight to the sorrow that is yours to-day, or fail to ascribe the praise to Him to whom it belongs; but thanks to His goodness and the teachings of the best of mothers, I have lived it down."

## An Unreasonable Woman Rebuked

"Not a very long time ago in one of our dry goods stores," said a merchant to a reporter of the Boston *Globe*, "there was a young fellow waiting on customers, working hard, standing on his feet all day, getting no thanks, and having altogether a deuced hard time of it. One night, about time for closing up, one of the elderly, angular females I spoke of got hold of him. She was looking for a piece of goods and couldn't find what she wanted. He knew she couldn't find what she wanted, and wouldn't find what she wanted under any considerations before he had been showing her the stock for five minutes. But she hung on and persisted in looking at everything. It was dark; everybody was going or gone; the store was all shut up and still she wouldn't go.

"'Well,' he says, 'madame, I don't think I can suit you anyway.'

"'Well, you are here to wait on folks, ain't you?' she says.

"'Oh, yes,' he says, sarcastically, 'that's what I'm hired for. I'll wait on you all night if you say so.'

"'Can't you show me a remnant of that material?' she says.

"'Oh, yes,' he says, 'I can, but it's not what you want, I know.'

"'How do you know it's not what I want? Perhaps I'm a better judge of what I want than you are. Perhaps I am.'

"He got out the remnant and unwound it from the board. She looked at it and felt of it and shook her head.

"'No, I don't like that at all.'

"That was more than the fellow could stand. He caught up the board and hit her a clip over the head with it.

"'Well, how do you like that?' he says. Then, of course, there was the deuce to pay. The elderly, angular female went off in dudgeon, and the next morning complained at headquarters of what she called the outrageous conduct of the salesman. But when the manager came to hear his side of the story, he said he thought he should have done the same under the same circumstances, and sent him back to his desk. Now, I like that. I think it would be a very good system if a fellow was allowed to whack an unreasonable customer over the head with a board whenever she exasperated him beyond reasonable limits."

## Who Was Thomas A'Kempis?

Many have seen this name after some sage piece of advice or quaint criticism, and have wondered who he is or was. His name was not Kempis, but Hamerken. He lived in Kempen, and as a means of distinguishing him from other Thomases he was called Thomas Kempen. He was born in 1379, and when twenty one determined to devote himself to the service of God, and so entered a monastery, where he led a secluded life for more than ninety years. His character for sanctity and learning stood very high among the people of his own time, but his name has come down through ages more on account of his writings, which consist of sermons, treatises on moral virtues and theology, pious biographies, letters and hymns. Of these only one now remains famous; it is the celebrated treatise 'On the Following (or Imitation) of Christ." The original is now in the Burgundian Library at Brussels, and, next to the Scripture, has had the largest number of readers of any book in sacred literature, ancient or modern. Dean Milman said that upon its pages there "is gathered and consentrated all that is elevating, passionate, profoundly pious in all the older mystics."

The handwriting in the original volume is good and generally clear. The manuscript first belonged to the Monastery of Mt. St. Agnes, in which Thomas A'Kempis spent his life. Besides being a very rare old book, with an everlasting treasury of good things in it, it has had quite a history.—*Scholar's Companion.*

It is not enough to remember the poor. Give them something to make them remember you.

## Flush Times in California.

A Californian of the epoch of 1850 writes as follows:

After a few days of sojourning in Sacramento we concluded to locate there, and I was to make all the arrangements for business. Not finding any place to suit, I concluded to build, and I wanted a lot to build on.

Next to corner of L street, I think it was, Sam Brannan owned a lot which suited me. The firm of Brennan & Osborn was on the corner, and doing a large business. I went in and asked the price of it.

"Three thousand dollars," said Sam, in a careless offhand way, as if he did not care a snap whether you took it or not.

I thought that I would sleep over it; did so, and next day concluded to take it, when lo! it had raised $1,000 in value that night.

"Nothing less than $4,000," says Sam, and he meant it. At this I was quite indignant, but next day, all things considered, I concluded to give the $4,000, and what do you think—the fellow wanted $5,000.

This was a little too heavy on good nature, even if they were flush times, so I concluded to give Sam and his lot a wide berth. Flush times? Certainly they were flush times.

I soon found a lot to suit me on J street, near Third, west side. Built the store at heavy expense; cost, if my memory serves me right, about $25,000. Labor was from $16 to $25 a day; lumber from $400 to $500 a thousand, I forget which. We put a brick chimney in, bricks costing, I know $70 a thousand. Store complete, I soon had the goods in and opened.

Up to this time it had all been against my partner and myself. It now came our turn. I soon saw that it was no trick to make $300 to $1,000 before breakfast, and had my breakfast at nine o'clock at that. Flush times! You may well believe that they were flush.

We ate watermelons at $3 to $5 apiece; pears, apples and sweet potatoes at from fifty cents to $1 each. You have heard of the tack trade. I realized $1,780 out of one lot that cost me only $30. Screws were almost as profitable. Spring balances an ounce each ($16), cost $4 a dozen.

I will tell you a good story on Prince (Prince, of Flushing, L. I.), Prince of darkness as the miners used to call him, for the reason that he had no mercy on prices when he had the monopoly. Prince got the monopoly on tacks. They went up $5 a paper. (Can get three papers for twenty-five cents anywhere, now.) To get the monopoly he paid me $36 a dozen papers for quite a lot.

But to the spring balances. One day Prince came into my store and wanted to know whether I had any spring balances—he knew that I had. Yes I had some. "How many?" said Prince. I could not say (would not say that I had a big lot), for I knew that he wanted the monopoly.

"What will you sell all you have for?"

"Two hundred dollars a dozen," I answered. After a parley he agreed to take all. I must be certain to put every one in. To this I agreed. Prince now felt extremely happy. He had the "deadwood" on spring balances, which at once went up to $25 each. My bill was over $3,000; cost me about $60. This quantity was quite in excess of what Prince expected I had, but he paid the bill like a man.—*San Francisco Post.*

## A Nevada Man's New Suit.

"Most people, said a prominent Renoite to a reporter to-day, "don't know what a terrible punishment tarring and feathering really is. They suppose that it is nothing worse than a badge of infamy, rather uncomfortable, perhaps, but not painful unless the tar gets into the eyes. This is a great mistake. I helped to daub Jones. He was a disgrace to humanity and he deserved what he got. But I had no idea until I saw that fellow plastered what a tough deal the process is. We painted him all over pretty thick with a broom and some enthusiastic vigilante poured a few gallons of tar on his head. Then the feathers, taken from a big pillow, were dusted on him, and he stood out, white and fluffy, in the starlight, like some huge and grotesque-looking bird. He had to put his clothes on over the whole mess, and then he was ridden on a rail for fifty yards or so, and we put him on board the west-bound train at midnight, with instructions not to come back on pain of being hanged.

"I saw him on the train. He was sitting with his head on the seat in front of him. The tar was so thick on his head that it covered the hair out of sight, and his poll shone in the light of the car lamps like a black rubber ball just dipped in the water. The poor fellow was groaning, and I couldn't help feeling mean at having taken a hand in the job. You see the body is covered with short hair, and when the tar hardens a little the slightest movement causes acute pain, as if one's beard were being pulled out by pincers, hair by hair. Then there is the stoppage of all perspiration, which would soon kill a man if he didn't make lively time in getting scrubbed.

"Besides, the smell of the tar turns the stomach, and about half an hour after a man has been coated he must feel mighty sorry he wasn't hanged. Then comes the scrubbing with oil. It took two Chinamen and a darkey three days in Truckee to reduce Jones to a mild brown. The rubbing makes the skin tender, and the body must be as sore as a boil for weeks."—*Virginia City Chronicle.*

The socialist wants to level everything except his own head.

## Tariff Reduction.

We are not in haste to advocate tariff reduction in any degree, but we admit the strong common sense of the annexed paragraph from the Philadelphia *North American* which says that each party will go to the country on the record made this winter, and it is of great import nce that the friends of protection should demonstrate to the people their wish to adjust the tariff to the changed condition of things. They have been denounced as grasping and as the champions of monopoly against the people. But the bill as reported to the House will stand as the effort of these denounced persons to comply with the ascertained popular demand. Opposition to it exposes the hollowness of the Democratic demand for tariff reform and tax reduction. Neither school may be able to endorse the bill in detail, but neither school can ever be expected to be able to endorse any tariff bill in detail. The pretence that the bill does not propose a sufficient reduction of the revenue from imports is unworthy of men in earnest. No man at this time can name a sum that would be regarded as a sufficient reduction of income, because no man can correctly forecast the volume of trade, the effective demand for any important product, or the emergencies that may arise and work an increase of expenditures. The policy of enlightened statesmanship lies in tentative measures where finance is involved. If we can safely reduce the sources of income ten per cent., do that. If twenty per cent., then do that. If we can take off, on a basis of past receipts, fifty millions from the common income, it is the duty of Congress to do that, taking care not to make random reductions simply for the sake of reduction. To adjust the tariff to present needs, is to make such changes and modifications as will not drive any of our industries to the wall. We have no surplus industries, no capital that can afford to be idle, and no workingmen who can afford to be driven to enforced idleness in order that any political party may prosper.

## On the Brink.

"Do you wish to see me mamma?" asked Beryl, tripping lightly into the room where her mother was seated.

"Yes, my child" was the reply, "I fain would speak with you on a matter that concerns your future happiness, your marriage."

The girl shrank back instinctively and the happy look faded from the pretty blue eyes. Plunging her right hand impulsively into her pocket she discovered that the last letter from Vivian Perkins, the man whom she loved with all the passionate intensity of a last chance affection, was still there.

Her secret was safe.

"I am ready," she said to her mother in the respectful tones which ever characterized her speech "to hear you twitter."

"I know," said the mother, speaking calmly, "of your love for Vivian Perkins."

Beryl's corns were throbbing now, but she mastered her emotion bravely, and gave no outward sign of the great battle that was being waged in her soul."

"You wish to marry this man?" said the Lady Agatha.

"I do," replied Beryl, "and nothing but his word, his act shall ever keep me from his side. I love Vivian with a wild, four-track-and a-sleeper-on-every-train love that will brook no restraint, and some day, even though the fiery jaws of hell itself were opened to stop me I shall be his bride."

"I know all this," said the mother; "I know that you will marry Vivian, and I have but one request to make."

"What is that?" asked the girl.

"It is," said the Lady Agatha, "that you will arrange to have the nuptials occur as soon as possible."

"But why?" asked the daughter.

"Because," was the reply, "I am thinking of making a similar break.

## Dottie's Victory.

The day was a beautiful one, but little Dottie was sad because her dear Mamma had gone out and locked up the Pie. She was sitting on the floor and pulling the cat's Tail, when who should come in but Miss Lucy. Miss Lucy was a Chicago girl who was spending her vacation at Pumpkin Dell (which was the name of the Town where Dottie lived) and was pretty Fly. "Where is your Mamma, Darling?" she asked, but Dottie did not reply, because she had Noticed that when Miss Lucy called her "Darling," she was generally trying to Get the Pole on something about Dottie's Papa and Mamma which she wished to Find Out. Dottie was somewhat inclined to be Fly herself. So she kept on pulling the cat's Tail and singing in her sweet, childish voice a little Ballad that her Brother had taught her;

Our Thomas cat he crossed the road
Because he crossed the road.
And the reason that he crossed the road
Was because he crossed the road.

When Dottie had finished the first stanza of this Ballad Miss Lucy spoke to her Again. "Would you not like to come to our house to dinner?" she said. "What is the Layout?" asked Dottie, her pure young face lighting up with a Bright Smile. "Dried-apple shortcake," replied Miss Lucy. Then Dottie was silent for a moment, because she loved "dried apple shortcake," Very Dearly. But she remembered that if she should go away her Mamma would be very much Alarmed and perhaps Tune Her Up with a Slipper when she came home again. All at once a Happy Thought came to her, "I cannot go to your house to Dinner," she said to Miss Lucy, "and I shall miss the dried-apple shortcake Very much, but I will swallow a small Sponge and then drink some Water, and and that will make me feel as if I had eaten shortcake." So you see Dottie had all the Enjoyment of the shortcake and missed the Slipper.

## He Thought He Had the Best of the Dog.

An Irishman, passing a butcher's shop, observed some liver for sale. Not knowing what it was, he inquired of the butcher, and said that he would like to buy some, but his old woman knew only how to boil "praties," whereupon the butcher good-naturedly offered to write him a recipe for preparing the savory dish. With this and his purchase dangling conspicuously in his hand, Pat sailed forth in triumph. He had not proceeded far, however, before a lean and hungry dog which had been prowling around seized the tasty morsel with his jaws, and made off as fast as his legs could carry him. Pat, in nowise disconcerted, turned round with a broad grin on his countenance, and, shaking his fist at the canine thief, who was fast disappearing in the distance, said: "Arrah, ye dirty blackguard, ye're sowld this time! You've got the liver, but you can't cook it, for I've got the resate in me pocket!"

## All Sorts.

The tongue of slander is a sword which is seldom allowed to grow rusty.

Barber—"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" Man in chair—"In silence."

Don't swear off, young fellow. Swearing off is no good. If you mean business, just quit.

Both parties are looking for a man who can carry Indiana next year. They will have to resurrect old At'as.

A little New Hartford three-year-old boy in admiring his baby brother exclaimed, "He's got a boiled head like papa."

A journal has been started in New York called The Undertakers Assistant. Why not call it The Physician at once?

If you kan't trust a man for the full amount, let him skip. This trying to get an average on honesty has always been a failure.

The power of music to soothe the savage breast does not extend to those New Jersey girls who are fighting over who is organist.

Enquirer—"What is the best way to tell a horse's age?" Depends on who owns the beast. If it's yours, don't tell that it's over eight, anyhow.

"Never kiss anybody on the mouth," says Dr. Hall, "unless you are reckless of consequences." Young people are naturally reckless.

I don't rekollect doing ennything that I was just a little ashamed ov but what somebody remembered it, and was sure, once in a while, to put me in mind of it.

A Kentucky exchange asks: "What is the great lever that shoves the newspaper forward?" Well, in the case of most country journals, it is two dollars a year in advance.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* wants to see young men troubled with a rush of common sense to the head, but if some of 'em had it they'd go and be bled or take treatment.

"Dogs under favorable circumstances live to be thirty years' old," says an exchange. "Favorable circumstances" probably means a family without boys or neighbors.

A Pennsylvania man has a mouse in his office which "sings and chirps all night like a bird." We can suggest nothing to meet the emergency unless it is a good-sized hungry cat.

A fashion authority says that bridal tours are no longer fashionable. It is the proper figure now to wait for a year or two to see if the husband and wife are going to live together.

According to a Washington dispatch, "the Senate has passed a bill for the relief of the whiskey men." Why this government should be called on to purchase cloves is not clear.

The census states that there are in Chicago "7,078 stores, 6,971 factories, and 988 mixed establishments." Now you can understand how so many people get "mixed" when they go to Chicago.

A wag speaking of a friend whom he suspected of living altogether beyond his means, observed, that he believed he "would owe several thousand dollars after all his debts were paid."

Did it ever occur to you that the band usually stops playing just after you have opened the window, knocked down a shutter, and destroyed a lace curtain or two in endeavoring to hear it more plainly?

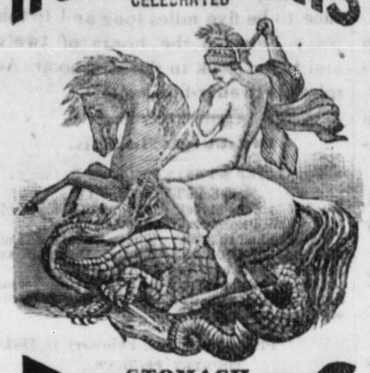
"Pa, is it right to call a man born in Poland a Pole?" "Of course, my child." "Well, then, if a man is born in Holland, is he a Hole?" "Tut, tut! I'll answer no more of your silly questions."

A Chicago man who flogged his daughter because she had too many fellows and they disturbed his rest, and kept the lamp and the fire burn all night," was fined $25. Parents in Chicago have to be taught who is boss.

"Detrain" is a new word in use in England. When a body of soldiers alight from railway cars they "de train." Pretty soon the papers will teem with "dehorsecar," "deomnibus," "dehack," "decanalboat," and so forth.

*Miscellaneous.*


HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



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For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Guenther's Lung Healer,

IMPROVE THE HOUR For the cure of

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CONSUMPTION,

Spitting of Bood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price 25c., 50c. and $1 00. Ask your Druggist for it.

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All unsettled duplicates for the year 1881 will be placed in the hands of the attorney for immediate collection if not settled by the first day of April. JOHN WOLF, H. C. CAMPBELL, A. J. GREIST, } Com'rs.

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HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
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J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja47t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

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*Physicians and Dentists.*

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

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Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1t

**Plon Plon.**

The way the names of "Plon Plon," "Prince Napoleon" and "Prince Jerome" are indiscriminately used by the press in general since the late French political sensation is very amusing to any one intimately acquainted with the real facts and personalities—it beats the mixing up of babies in "Pinafore." Prince Jerome Napoleon, otherwise known as Prince Napoleon (because his father during his lifetime was called Prince Jerome), and nicknamed "Plon Plon" as a pet name by his family from early youth, on account of his astonishing resemblance to the Emperor Napoleon I., is one and the same man. His father was Jerome, king of Westphalia, the brother of Napoleon I., and the husband of Elizabeth Patterson before his kingly honors reached him. By a kingly marriage, after his divorce from Elizabeth Patterson, he had two children—a son, Jerome, and a daughter, Mathilde. The assertion that "Plon Plon" was scarcely recognized by the imperial court is entirely false. On the contrary, he occupied, after his father, who was uncle to Napoleon III, the highest rank at court, and was the next heir to the throne after the Prince Imperial. It is this position of next heir but one that made jealousies and coldness between the reigning branch and his. He acted during all the reign of his cousin Napoleon III., the part that Philippe d'Orleans, surnamed Egalite, acted toward Louis XVI. He felt bitterly the fact that the younger brother Louis, King of Holland, had succeeded to the imperial throne instead of himself, the son of the elder brother Jerome, and his manifestoes on every occasion seemed to breathe the fact and the desire to show the nation that he could have done better, was more liberal, etc. He relied a good deal on his classic profile that brought undeniable proof of his descent, giving thus an indirect support to the whispered scandal, that Napoleon III. was not the son of Louis, though the son of Queen Hortense. In all his public actions he courted popularity at the expense of his cousin, forgetting all the while that whatever the blow was that crushed his cousin, it was certain to crush the hopes of all the Bonapartes as well. And Eugenie, of course hated him, as she did any influence that was directed against her husband, and especially her son. At the death of the Prince Imperial, Prince Napoleon would have been the acknowledged heir had there been no written will. But the Prince Imperial left the inheritance of the crown and prospects of the empire to the son, prince Victor, thus despoiling the father of his hopes and rights, and regarding him as a traitor to the imperial party and cause.

As for the asserton that he was hated for the murder of Victor Noir that is equally contrary to facts. Victor Noir was shot by Prince Pierre Bonaparte, a second cousin of Napolean III., who was given the title of prince by courtesy, but had no standing at court. He lived a quiet life on the footing of any bourgeois with a very moderate income, and died four or five years ago at Versailles in quite reduced circumstances.

**A Flowery Wedding.**

Among the young women married in New York last week was one who from her early girlhood has been exceedingly fond of flowers. She decided to expend her energy and her father's money upon floral decorations instead of in the direction of fine gowns. Her floral fete is a matter of remark with every guest who attended the reception that followed the marriage ceremony. Palms and ferns made the hall lovely. In the drawing room the grates were filled with fine maiden hair fern and bright cut flowers clustered beneath. A medium-sized plant rose from the centre. On the ends of the mantels were floral fans widespread. The centres were small white daisies; the fringing of rosebuds and ferns. The sticks were distinctly marked with ardesia berries. Another fan on an easel of smilax was composed of white pompons, edged with bon silene buds and fringed with yellow daisies. The sticks were of violets. Both of the fans were handpainted with sprays of the loveliest combinations through the centre. In the middle of the mantle stood the "old oaken bucket," a marvelous piece of floral work.

Upon a bed of licopodiums, fringed with cissus, crotons and ferns with terrestrial orchids springing up in places, and a spray of passiflora rubra near the old shaft, stood a square well, and the side made of different blossoms. One side was of yellow pompon artmisias, one of white, one of crimson king carnations, one of la purity carnations. Each was sprayed with a knot of roses. The top of the well was mossy; on one corner perched an owl, wise in expression, the owl's back and wings were wrought of chrysanthemums, and his breast was of purple artemisias. His eyes were of yellow daisies. The well-bucket was full of sweet-smelling violets, and trailing moss seemed to have been caught on the pendulous stick. The floral screen was effectively worked out. There was a clover leaf on the marble of the pier glass, and loose baskets of roses were interspersed throughout the rooms. The portier of ivy and smilax chains which swept in the arch between the extension and drawing-room was the most effective work. This was looped back with rosettes of white satin. In the centre swung the wedding bell—a bell of roses, sprayed with pale buds.

*Medical.*

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the Cause must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

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of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

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No Whiskey!

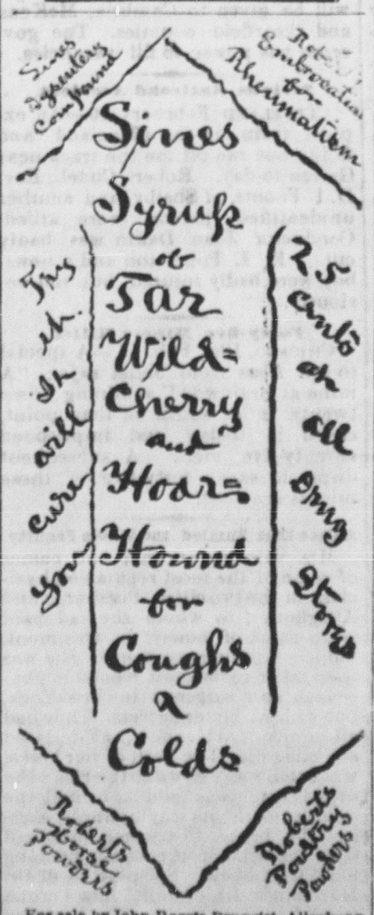
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is one of the very few tonic medicines that are not composed mostly of alcohol or whiskey, thus becoming a fruitful source of intemperance by promoting a desire for rum.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is guaranteed to be a non-intoxicating stimulant, and it will, in nearly every case, take the place of all liquor, and at the same time absolutely kill the desire for whiskey and other intoxicating beverages.

Rev. G. W. RICE, editor of the *American Christian Review*, says of Brown's Iron Bitters:

Cin., O., Nov. 16, 1881.
Gents:—The foolish wasting of vital force in business, pleasure, and vicious indulgence of our people, makes your preparation a necessity; and if applied, will save hundreds who resort to saloons for temporary recuperation.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been thoroughly tested for dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, weakness, debility, overwork, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption, liver complaints, kidney troubles, &c., and it never fails to render speedy and permanent relief.


Sines
Syrup
of
Tar
Wild=
Cherry
and
Hore=
Hound
for
Coughs
&
Colds

# Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

*RATES OF ADVERTISING:*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

| SPACE OCCUPIED. | 3 mos. | 6 mos. | 1 year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e) | $ 5 00 | $ 8 00 | $ 12 00 |
| Two inches | 7 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 |
| Three inches | 10 00 | 15 00 | 20 00 |
| Four inches | 11 00 | 17 00 | 25 00 |
| Quarter column | 12 00 | 20 00 | 30 00 |
| Half column | 20 00 | 35 00 | 55 00 |
| One column | 35 00 | 55 00 | 125 00 |

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

*JOB DEPARTMENT.*

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.


## LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

### The Ohio and the Mississippi.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 16.—Beginning with the upper suburb of Cincinnati and ending with Lawrenceburg, Ind., 25 miles below, the damage, destitution and distress are unparalleled in American history. Below Lawrenceburg and to Louisville the situation is the same. Beginning with the upper suburb of Cincinnati, on the Ohio side, are Columbia, Pendleton, Fulton; then Cincinnati, Sedamsville, Riverside, Fernbank, Lawrenceburg, Ind., Aurora, Rising Sun, Patriot, Vevay and Madison; on the Kentucky side are the towns of Dayton, Bellevue, Newport and Covington, opposite Cincinnati; Ludlow, Bromley, Petersburg, Hamilton, Warsaw, Ghent, Carrollton, Milton, Westport and Louisville; at Patriot and Vevay the river is five or six miles wide, and at all these points it simply extends from the Ohio to the Kentucky hills, covering all the rich bottom lands. Its average width is from one to two miles, a sea of yellow water. At all these points more or less damage is done. Vevay, Warsaw and Ghent have escaped better than the others.

No detailed statistics are available, but a cool guess would place the number of people either homeless or imprisoned at not less than 50,000. There are 15,000 in Newport alone, and 5,000 in Lawrenceburg. At Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville it is in many respects even worse.

LOUISVILLE, February 16.—The river has now, at 10:30 p. m., reached a stand at 44 feet 1 inch. It ran steadily but slowly all day, and fears were entertained that it would go to a sufficient height to inundate the gas and water works. At noon the water was within eight inches of the gas works, and as reports came that it was still rising at Cincinnati every indication was that Louisville would to-night be in darkness, and that the water supply would be interfered with. Now the general impression is that the water has reached its highest point and that daylight will find it many inches lower. It is the largest flood Louisville has ever gone through, and though he does it with great reluctance.

THE OLDEST INHABITANT

concedes that the like was never before seen here. For the first time in the history of the place Jeffersonville is, with the exception of about ten squares, completely inundated and the people have to pass from house to house in skiffs and wagons. The flood of 1882, which has been the pride of the old yarnspinner, has sunken into complete insignificance. Many people even yet in their houses are out in the waters, but a great majority of them have been induced to come away, and are now housed in the public school and other public buildings.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 15.—At present Indianapolis is not suffering from the flood, but the indications are that in a few days at the furthest White River will contain a stage of water that will exceed anything ever before known. Less than two weeks ago it was pouring out a volume that exceeded the famous flood of 1847, the greatest known in this part of the State, which did great damage to farmers along its bank. From this they have not recovered, and again it is rising. To-night the water covers all the lowlands adjacent to the stream. Hundreds of hogs and bushels of corn in pens have been destroyed by high water of the West fork of the White River, in Davies county, during the past week, and scores of cattle and horses will perish from cold and wet. Many fences and bridges have been washed away. In the neighborhood of Vincennes, opposite Edwardsport, in Knox County, the river has overflowed its banks, and a waste of water for five miles can be seen stretching from Edwardsport to Plainfield.

### A Land Slide near a Mine.

BRAIDWOOD, Ill., February 17.—This city is filled with lamentation, owing to the disaster of yesterday, which resulted in the death of seventy four persons, who were overwhelmed by a land slide, a number of those killed leaving large families. The shaft in which the accident occurred has been working for the past eight years. It is situated at Diamond, a little village about four miles southwest of Wilmington and two miles northwest of Braidwood. The country thereabout is as level as a floor, with perhaps a slight inclination toward the mines. The sudden thaw and heavy rainfall have transformed the prairie into a lake for miles and miles. About Diamond the water stands from six inches to three feet in depth. With scarcely any warning there suddenly appeared an opening from the surface of the earth into the mine. The surface being submerged it took only a short time for the water to permeate the entire mine, drowning all who were unable to get out before the rising water caught them. In opening this mine a shaft seventy-five feet deep was sunk into the earth. At right angles to this two main galleries were run nearly parallel with the surface of the earth and about seventy-five feet below it. From these main galleries narrow spurt, or gangways, are cut in various dire tions. These spurs rise and fall with the ledge of coal sometimes rising to within twelve or fifteen feet of the surface. It was at such a point, very near the top, where the break occurred. While lying on their backs, picking at the coal above, the earth must have fallen upon the doomed miners. Through the opening thus made the water poured in, filling one gangway after another and cutting off escape to the central shaft. There was little time to give an alarm, for in less than an hour from the time the break occurred nearly every means of escape was cut off and every occupant of the mine at that time must have been drowned. These galleries were long and narrow, and only by painfully slow crawling could the poor victims escape. No noise accompanied the rising of the water and the first indication had of their danger by many of the victims was a chilling sensation of cold water trickling along the pathway in which they lay at work. There was an air shaft, offering an additional avenue of escape, of which many availed themselves, but the water came in too rapidly to allow all to reach it. The mine was not considered especially dangerous, though a break had occurred once before about the same place. There is no chance of a rescue, but in order to reach the bodies of the dead Mr. Fordyce, general manager of the company has gone to the scene of the disaster with two steam pumps. It is said that an effort will be made to reach the mine from shaft No. 1, but there is not the remotest possibility of finding any of the men alive. Only drowned or suffocated remains can be recovered.

### Disater at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 17.—The worst seems to be over. The river is slowly falling, so slowly, though, that it seems like a hungry beast loath to leave its prey. In six hours it has only fallen three inches. One of the most frightful disasters of the flood occurred across the river at Jeffersonville this evening. Nearly three hundred sufferers who had been driven from their homes by the waters were huddled together in an old brick building occupied in former years as a soldiers' home. It was thought to be safe from the highest water, but the floods soaked through the foundations, and while all were unconscious of their danger the walls suddenly fell with a frightful crash, burying in their ruins all those who had fled there for shelter. The cries that came up from the falling walls, the screams of the women and children, the shrieks for help, now and then silenced for a moment by the roar of another falling wall on the floor of the great brick building, made the scene one of indescribable horror. A great crowd was standing about the building when it fell, but they were so shocked by the awful catastrophe that it was fully five minutes before they recovered their presence of mind. A hundred willing hands with picks and shovels started to work and soon dug out from under the brick and mortar seven dead bodies. The rest, by a miracle, escaped. The bodies of the dead were so mangled that only one of them, George Wolf, has been identified. They were all of the poorest class of people. Several had their arms broken. One young woman had her baby in her lap when the walls fell, and covered it up by making an arch of her body and keeping the child under her. She was so badly injured that it is thought she will die. Her name is Mary Allen. The child escaped unhurt. Mary was just married one year.

### Funeral Obsequies.

NEW YORK, February 16.—The funeral rites over the remains of the late ex-Governor Morgan took place this afternoon. President Arthur, Gen. Grant, Hamilton Fish and John Jacob Astor were present. The services opened with prayer by Rev. J. H. Vandyke, after which he attempted to speak. He was overcome with grief and could only murmur, "I cannot speak, but others more eloquent will talk to you of the dead." Addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Murray, Dr. Hitchcock and Rev. John Hall. The remains will be taken to Bridgeport for interment.

### A Cincinnati Sensation.

CINCINNATI, February 15.—At 1 o'clock this morning the people in the vicinity of No. 50 Wilstach street on the border of the inundated district, in the western part of the city, were startled by a loud explosion, which broke the glass in the windows. The three story brick building occupied by four families, numbering seventeen, was found in ruins from an explosion of fire-damp or sewer gas in the cellar, and all the people were buried in the debris. A scene of terror followed. It was supposed the explosion was caused by the pressure of water in the sewer, and the people thought other explosions would follow. Many left their houses in the utmost alarm, and fled, thinly clad, to places of safety. The fire alarm turned in, which added to the consternation, and the fire department responded promptly. Finding no fire they began the work of rescuing unfortunate victims. This was slow work. The house was owned by Jacob Brown.

### A "Practical Joke."

PHOENIXVILLE, February 14.—Yesterday evening a little girl named Lettie, daughter of Charles MacNamee, living in Appleton row, North ward, this place, was shot dead by Matthew Hartigan, a neighbor. The girl had been to the residence of a neighbor at the eastern end of the row; she left there, passed her home and proceeded to the residence of Hartigan in the western end of the row. Exactly as she entered the yard in front of his house a shot was fired through the front window. The girl fell crying "Mamma." She was picked up dead and carried to her home. It appears there was a party of young people spending the evening at Hartigan's, who were in one room while he was in another. He called his wife, told her he was going to fire his gun through the window to frighten the visitors, and that she should not be frightened. He told a young man in the room with him that the gun was loaded with a marble. He fired, as he said he would, and shot the little girl, purely accidentally.

### The King of Pickpockets.

SYRACUSE, N. Y. Feb. 15.—Joseph Parish, a man of many aliases, was brought here by the sheriff yesterday from Chicago. He is recognized as the king of pickpockets, and known as the most clever in the profession. He is wanted here for robbing Delos H. Johnston, of Fabians, N. Y., of $1,000 on the Binghamton division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad some time ago. As Johnston was about to take a seat in a smoking car a man thrust a valise into his face while three or four others crowded around and jostled him about. As soon as Johnston recovered from his excitement he found his money gone. Two of the suspected parties were arrested and have since been indicted, but the third person, who is thought to have been Parish, got away. It is thought that he is also the party who robbed a man of $5,000 in an Albany railway eating house a few years ago, and who stole a pocketbook containing $1,600 in the Central railway station in this city.

### Making a Clean Breast of It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—In the star route case to-day a sensation was created by Mr. Rerdell making what he declared to be "a clean breast" of his connection with the star routes. He testified at great length as to the manner in which the petitions for expediting certain routes had been prepared at ex Senator Dorsey's house, in Washington, and filed in the department. He said he went west by direction of Dorsey and procured petitions from various persons along the routes to have the trips increased. He established a station sixty miles off from a certain route in order to have it put on the route and the pay increased. At one time when they were considering the question of admitting Vaile into the company Miner had said Vaile stood very close to Brady. The court adjourned without completing the examination of the witnesses. The government counsel say that no promise of immunity was held out to Rerdell.

### The River at Pittsburgh Still Rising.

PITTSBURGH, February 15.—The Monongahela and Allegheny rivers continue to rise, with nineteen feet and a half in the Monongahela this afternoon and about one foot more in the Allegheny. The rain which had been falling since early yesterday morning ceased this morning and the weather is now clearing. Dispatches from the head waters report the weather still rainy and the river rising steadily since last night, which would indicate that there will be twenty-five feet here before the flood reaches its highest point. No damage, except from inundation, is apprehended.

### Further Disclosures Made.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 15.—In the legislative bribery investigation today Mayor W. G. Thompson testified that Ferry had offered him the Detroit custom house if he would support him. Thompson accepted the offer and worked for Ferry, but hearing that Ferry intended reappointing Bell he wrote Ferry dissolving the partnership and has since worked against him.

### No Duel Apprehended.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The friends of Representatives Townsend and Haskel deny the rumors of the alleged imminence of a hostile meeting between them as a result of certain sharp words which passed between them in the house on Wednesday last.

### Hazen's Request Refused.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—Secretary Lincoln to-day sent a reply to Senator Hazen's request that the senate be asked to investigate certain charges made by Mr. Beltzhoover in the house against the management of the signal service. The secretary refuses to comply with General Hazen's request, saying that the administrative departments of the government are fully able to investigate any charges of misconduct against its officers and adding that it would be also a gross violation of parlimentary practice to ask the senate to investigate charges made in debate by a member of the house of representatives.

### A Gloomy Picture.

INDIANAPOLIS, February 18.—Telegrams received by the relief committee and private information received from the flooded districts give gloomy accounts of suffering and distress. At New Albany one thousand families in the city and 350 in the immediate vicinity have domiciled wherever covering can be had. By stoppage of factories 1,000 families are made dependent upon public charity. Most of them have lost everything. On the bottoms west of the city 350 families have lost houses, barns, grain, forage and farming implements, and are in absolute poverty with nothing left to put in crops.

### Grover's Many Crimes.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15.—Christian Grover, alias Uriah Corson, alias Wilson, the notorious house breaker, who was recently captured by Special Officers Colbourn and Carpenter, of the Twenty-third district, was yesterday given a further hearing at the Central station. It was shown that, besides the thirteen robberies already fastened on him, he has also been guilty of highway robbery. He was held in $5,000 bail for the crimes.

### The Situation at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 14.—The water is 66 feet and ¾ inch above low water mark and rising slowly. Rain is falling above and below. Water now stands in the gutters on the south side of Pearl street and on Walnut. The city is partially cut off from the world to northeast and west by rail except that the Bee Line is still running trains from the stock yards. Three hundred passengers are waiting at Winton Place for transportation into the city.

### Influence Which Was Worth $700.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—Jay Hubbell denies the statement of Mr. Bailey before the investigating committee of the Michigan legislature yesterday. He says they were all at one time considering the question of purchasing Turner's paper but nothing was ever done. Hubbell, however, admits giving Editor Church $700 to discreetly use his influence against Ferry.

### To be Reported Unfavorably.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—Ex-Attorney General Hamilton Ward, of New York, appeared before the house committee on patents to-day to oppose the extension of the Roberts torpedo patent, now commonly used in exploding oil wells to increase their flow. Chairman Young, in response to a question by Mr. Ward, said the committee are opposed to the bill and will not report favorably.

### A Part of Bradford Inundated.

BRADFORD, Feb. 16.—Tuna creek rose steadily to-day until this evening when many houses in the lower part of the city were flooded and many families were compelled to move out. The ice gorge below the city was destroyed to-day by the explosion of small charges of nitro glycerine. The water is now falling, and the danger, it is thought, has passed.

### Judicial Apportionment Bill.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 16.—The judiciary committee has agreed upon a judicial apportionment bill and it will be reported to-morrow. It provides for forty-six districts, thirty-eight of which are entitled to a president judge. By it president judges will be given to Cambria, McKean and Clearfield counties. The governor has power to fill vacancies.

### Serious Railroad Accident.

CLEVELAND, February 16.—An express train on the Cleveland and Columbus ran off the the track near Galion to-day. Robert Cudell, Rev. D. I. Foonts, of Shelby, and another unidentified person were killed. Conductor John Dakin was badly cut. E. E. Poppleton and a newsboy were badly injured, but not seriously.

### Forty-five Miners Killed.

CHICAGO, Ills., Feb. 16.—A special to the *News* from Joliet says: "A mine at Brainwood, a mining town twenty miles south of that point, caved in to-day and imprisoned seventy-five men. A subsequent dispatch says forty-five of these miners are dead.

### A Case that Puzzled the Whole Faculty.

Mrs. Milo Ingram gave the names of some of the most reputable physicians in the two cities (Pittsburgh and Allegheny), to whom she had paid large sums of money for treatment, but she rapidly grew worse. She was then taken to the most reputable physicians and surgeons in New York, but with no better success. They had all pronounced it cancer, and declared she must die. The flesh of her breast was eaten away down to the ribs; the breast bone was laid bare and the disease made its way upwards, causing the breast to become detached from the wall of the chest, hanging loose from above. See page 25, of Dr. Hartman's "Ills of Life," how Peruna cured her. They are given away by druggists (gratis).

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Small-pox has made its appearance in Altoona again.

—It is to your interest to purchase groceries at Sechler's store.

—Buy your mackerel for the Lenten season at Valentines Store Co. "Limited."

—Why is a ward meeting like a crow? Because it is a caw cuss (caucus).

—The best of coffee, sugar, spices, etc., at Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store.

—Latest patterns in prints at 6, 7 and 8 cents at Valentines Store Co. "Limited."

—The Duprez & Benedict minstrels on Saturday evening gave an excellent entertainment.

—A letter in the Bellefonte postoffice is addressed "John S. Yearick, Zion." It is held for postage."

—Just received, a nice line of young men's suits, in latest styles and colors at Valentines Store Co. "Limited."

—The cold wave arrived at the time indicated by the weather bureau but was not so frigid as was expected

—Mr. Al. Garman came within a few votes of making the Democratic nomination for council in the South ward on Saturday night.

—Mr. I. Guggenheimer, the leather merchant on High street, sells nothing but the best goods. He invites an inspection of his stock.

—Harry Teats & Co., grocers, is fast becoming synonymous with success. The business place of the firm is opposite the Bush House.

—Keep your horse well and warmly blanketed, and that this may be properly done buy one of the elegant cheap blankets at James Schofield's establishment.

—A letter addressed, "Mrs. Mollie Oberholdzer, Fillinger P. O., Centre county, Pa.," is held for better direction in the Bellefonte postoffice; also one addressed, "Miss Amanda J. Myers, Centre county, Pa."

—Our friends who are fond of fine carriages and horses will find it to their interest to call at the saddler establishment of James Schofield on Spring street. What he hasn't in stock in that line is not worth having. Harness made to order at city prices.

—The next lecture in the Y. M. C. A. free course will be given on Tuesday evening, the 27th instant, by President George W. Atherton, of State College. The subject will be "The Origin of the American Nation." Mr. Atherton is a very agreeable, eloquent talker and his lecture contains much that is interesting to everybody. Remember, the lecture is free to all.

—One of the correspondents of the Altoona *Tribune*, met at Tyrone on Friday morning a party of Philipsburg young ladies and gentlemen returning from a social gathering at Mr. John T. Fowler's, Fowler Station, Bald Eagle Valley railroad. They reported a huge time and spoke in enthusiastic terms of the courteous hospitality shown them by Mr. Fowler and his excellent lady. The party was given in honor of his neice, Miss May Atkinson, of Camden, N. J.

—This (Wednesday) evening still another minstrel entertainment is promised to the people of Bellefonte. It is to be given by the famous Arch street minstrels of Philadelphia, who need no endorsement to recommend them to the Bellefonte public. The famous minstrel artist, Lew Simmons, is a member of the troupe and a superb orchestra, under the direction of skillful conductors, accompanies them. They are absent from that city on a brief tour in the larger cities and towns. Reynolds' Opera House will be crowded on the occasion of their appearance. See advertisement in another column.

—Professor Brooks, of the Red House Observatory, reports that telescopic observations of the sun, on Tuesday morning of last week, revealed an unusual outbreak of spots, covering nearly the entire equatorial region of the sun. In addition to the numerous large single spots with well-defined penumbra, a large irregular group just came into view that morning on the eastern limb. With the numerous other spots near it, and the torn and ragged form of the group, indications are manifest of a considerable solar disturbance. This information will not startle the reader as it is quite natural that there should be disturbance on the sun when we take into consideration the strong probability that there are no grocery stores on that pretty orb like that of Sechler & Co.'s in this place. The residents of the sun are doubtless in a state of continual turmoil on that account. Remember that Sechler sells the very best groceries and those who are so fortunate as to buy at his store have reason to be thankful.

—The greatest foot race of the period will be run on the Philipsburg race course, on Thursday, February 22nd, 1883, between William M. Phelan, of Osceola, and George Armstrong, of Ashland, Pa., for $250 a side. The race to be five miles long and to take place between the hours of twelve and two o'clock in the afternoon. Admission twenty-five cents.

### Pittsburgh Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THIS PAPER BY R. BEATTY, SON & CO., No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE.

Established in 1859. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.

Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., February 19, 1883.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 4 00; Good 3 50a4 00; medium, 2 00 a 3 00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c. per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 25a27c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 35a37c.; Choice Ohio, 18a20c., Extr Choice Ohio, 22a25c; Medium, 12a15c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 2 50a2 75; Medium, 2 50a2 35; Mixed, 1 50a2 00; Lima, 6a6½c. lb.

BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c.; Shoulders, 9a10c.

BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 7a7½c.; No. 1 hurl, 6½a7c.; choice short green 4a5c.; inferior, 3a4c.

CIDER—Per bbl. 00a10 00; crab apple 9 00a10 00

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 3 00a5 50 per box.; Messina Oranges, 3 50a4 00 per box; Val. 7 00 a 7 50 per case; Bananas, 2 00 a 4 00 per bunch.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8a9c.; do., quarters, 7a8.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do, 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 9a12c per lb.

FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c. Mixed, 45a50c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 25a26c.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 15; Clover, 7 00a6 50 for small; 8 00a7 50 for large.

VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 13a15c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 85a 90c. per bush; Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Onions, 1 50 o 1 80 per bbl.; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 00a2 50; Cranberries, 4 75a5 00 per box. 15 00a16 00 per bbl.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 12c.; do., 12½c.; Prime Rio, 10½c.; Good Rio, 9½c.; Ordinary, 8c.; Java, 20a22c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 16a20c.; lower grades, 12½a13c.; in bulk, 11½a15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 24a25c.

SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 8¾c.; Windsor A 8¾c.; Prairie B, 8¼c.; Refined Yellow, 7a7¾c.; Molasses Yellow, 7½a8c.; Granulated, 9¼c.; Powdered, 9¾c. Crushed, low, 9¾c.; Cut Loaf, 9¾c

SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 37c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 33c.; Choice Sugar Syrup, 45c.; Prime Sugar Syrup, 47c.; Good Sugar Syrup, 45c.; Black Strap, 28a29c.

RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 5¾a6¾c.; Carolina, 6a7¾c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 60c.; strictly Prime, 58c.; Prime, 56c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb., 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c a1 00; Imperial, 35a80c.; Japan, 28a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a65c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 50a7 75; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 50a7 75; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 25a6 50; Choice Family (choice red winter), 6 00a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 75a6 00; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 25a6 50; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 6 00a6 25; Cornmeal, 55a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75 Buckwheat flour, 3½a3¾

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 12 00a13 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter, 1 10a1 12; Medium, 1 00a1 05

CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 54a55; Yellow, Shelled 56a58; Ear Corn, 50a53.

OATS—47a48.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb. 12¾c. Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 9¼c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 12¼c.; Ex. S. C. Dried Beef, in sets, 12¼c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 11¾c.; do., in half bbls., 12¼c; do., in buckets, 12¾c.; do., 3 lb. pails, 60 lbs. in case, 12¾c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 13¼c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 13¼c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 13¾c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 5 75a6 00; Common to Good Butchering, 4 50a5 00; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a4 50; Veals, 7 00a8 25

SHEEP—Common to Fair, 3 25a4 50; Good to Prime, 5 50a6 00; Lambs, 4 50a6 00.

HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 7 40a7 60; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 7 00a7 20; Grassers, 5 50a6 50.

### Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 20, 1883.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat—No. 1, per bushel | $1 10 |
| Wheat—No. 2, " | 1 00 |
| Wheat—No. 3, | 90 |
| Buckwheat | 50 |
| Rye per bushel | 70 |
| Corn | 60 |
| Corn (shelled) | 65 |
| Oats | 45 |
| Cloverseed, fair to good | 6 00 to 6 50 |
| do prime to extra prime | 7 00 to 7 25 |
| do choice | 7 50 |
| Flour, retail, per barrel | 6 40 |
| Flour, wholesale | 5 60 |

HAY AND STRAW.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $15 00 |
| Hay, mixed, per ton | 13 00 |
| Long rye straw, bundled, per ton | 10 00 |
| Short straw per ton | 6 00@ 8 00 |

PLASTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cayuga, ground, per ton | $ 7 00 |
| Nova Scotia ground, per ton | 9 |

### Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | 8 |
| Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded | 24 |
| Beans per quart | 10 |
| Fresh butter per pound | 30 |
| Chickens per piece | 30 |
| Cheese per pound | 18 |
| Country hams per pound | 15 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 16 |
| Country Bacon | 12½ |
| Lard per pound | 12½ |
| Eggs per doz | 25 |
| Potatoes per bushel, new | 90 |
| Dried beef | 22 |
| Wilson's pressed beef per pound | 20 |
| Canned tomatoes per can | 12½ |
| Lemons per doz | 30 |
| Turnips | 25 |
| Onions | 65 |
| Dried sweet corn per pound | 12½ |


ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 15 7 1y

**Help to do It.**

When Bellefonte shall have grown to the dignity of a city of 100,000 population, which it probably will before the 1st of March, 1900, many then living will review its unexampled growth and prosperity during the 17 years just preceding. But will that retrospect be pleasant to them? It certainly will if they can also see that they have contributed to the causes which helped to bring it about. The most important part in that work may perhaps be the initiatory step now being taken. The principal work of a husbandman is to sow the seed, then the law of growth will make it develop into a mighty plant. The duty of the reader of these words in aiding to bring about the ultimatum which we have described is simple and easy to perform. It may consist only in subscriptions of $50 or $100 towards the $10,000 which the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run R. R. Company request the citizens to raise; it may consist only in the purchase of $20 worth of tickets towards the $1200 worth which the Telephone Company would like to see pledged before completing the connection between Lock Haven and Tyrone. That is a small investment in view of the great results to be obtained. Every property holder will be benefited to an incalculable degree by the growth of the town. Consider the value of property in he heart of the great cities. Land and houses once almost valueless are now worth millions to their possessors. Property once only an incumbrance to its real owner is now the subject of expensive litigation, so desperate is the strife to establish a title to it. Then give your substantial encouragement to the work so well begun; put your shoulders to the wheel. Perhaps another breath of air will revive the seemingly dead body; and perhaps your $50 subscription will complete the amount desired to be raised. Then when these agencies are put to work others will be attracted hither and the growth will continue uninterruptedly until the wealth and advantages which nature has bestowed shall have been developed to their full extent.

**An Ingenious Device.**

A Bellefonte man has perfected an invention for starting the kitchen fire in the morning without getting out of bed. Before retiring he empties a hod of coal into the range, and then closes the dampers, so that there will be just draught enough to keep the fire from dying out. By an ingenius contrivance a wire connects with the dampers and runs along the walls up through the floor to the sleeping rooms. When the man wakes he gives the wire a jirk, the dampers fly open, and in half an hour a brisk coal fire is burning. He can arise and dress himself and eat breakfast in comfort. Then sauntering slowly down High street with a capacious basket on his arm he enters Sechler's grocery store. "Give me three pounds of the best beefsteak," he says; "also three pounds of white sugar, a paper of good coffee, a can of tomatoes and also one of corn, cloves and cinnamon and a half dozen pickles." His demands are quickly met and the groceries give perfect satisfaction to the folks at home. All persons who follow his example regarding the place of purchasing groceries will meet with similar good success. Buy at Sechler's store.

—A few of the temperance people of this community assembled in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Saturday afternoon, to take what measures they could in aid of the constitutional prohibition bill now pending in the legislature. They appointed committees to secure petitions to the Senate and House in favor of the passage of the bill. These committees will thoroughly canvass the borough and surrounding townships. Such potent influences from the constituency of the gentlemen who represent them in the legislature should secure their vote for the bill.

—Whatever you want in the grocery line can best be obtained at Harry Teats & Co.'s store.

—There will be a total eclipse of the sun on the 6th of May. We shall not watch for it, however, as it will be visible in its entirety only in the South Pacific. There is a little island down there called Caroline where one might establish an observatory to watch the celestial phenomenon, but we feel much more like staying at home.

—The way to get a good cigar is to call at Green's drug store for it. Harry knows where to procure the best and keeps them on hand constantly.

—The Messrs. Valentine are rebuilding the bridge lately destroyed by the freshet.

—The grocery store of Harry Teats & Co. is full of fresh goods and those who go first will secure the best.

**Mesmerism.**

Prof. J. W. Cadwell again entertained a small but highly amused audi ence in Humes' Hall on Tuesday evening of last week. The first part of the entertainment consisted of a lecture on mesmerism, which was followed by practical tests. He could not induce any of the older persons in the audience to offer themselves for that purpose, and all of his efforts were spent upon small boys and were generally successful. He brought them under his control to such an extent that their muscles would become rigid, they would follow the handle of a broom held in the Professor's hands all around the hall, they would play on the broom as if it was a banjo and many other equally absurd things. One boy was made to imagine he saw a canary bird which he was always pursuing, usually catching it on top of some gentleman's head; then he tried to sell it at the high price of $400. The same boy (who proved to be an unusually good subject) was made to dance, fish, make faces, take his girl (that old broom, as usual) sleighing, wrestle, &c.

**The Largest Sale of the Season.**

More than usual interest centres around the mammoth sale of farm stock and implements and household furniture to occur on the farm of J. Z. Long, in Marion township, 9 miles east of this place and one mile south of Jacksonville on Wednesday, March 14, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It includes five elegant horses, two fresh milk cows and a large number of cattle, hogs and sheep. Also some of the very best farm implements which are really too numerous to mention, there being about 100 valuable articles enumerated. The household furniture is also valuable. Potatoes by the bushel, hay by the ton, etc. See mammoth posters with all the articles enumerated.

**A Date Canceled.**

We were informed by Manager Sourbeck, last Thursday, that the Madison Square Dramatic Company which was to render "Esmeralda" in this place on the evening of Washington's Birthday, have canceled their date, and will not be here. The reason for this is because of the numerous other attractions which will occur at that time, among which may be enumerated the Commercial Men's Banquet at the New Brockerhoff House, and the Japanese Tea Party to be given by the young ladies of the Presbyterian church. This will be a a great disappointment to the many who hoped to witness one of the excellent performances always given by the Madison Square Company.

—Bradford county butter and potatoes at Valentines Store Co. 'Limited.'

—The firm of Harry Teats & Co., grocers, on High street, is making another change, although the firm name will remain the same. Mr. Jared Harper, formerly of the well-known and very prosperous firm of Harper Brothers, general merchants, has entered into partnership with Mr. Teats and will devote all his well known talents and energy to the business of the firm. We are sure that the infusion of new life into the affairs of the firm will still further increase its business prosperity.

—The new firm of Michael Levi & Co., will begin operations in Wagner's old stand about the 1st of April.

—It has come to my knowledge that persons are circulating the scandalous story that I am selling nothing but damaged leathers, therefore for the information of shoemakers and farmers who are in want of leathers and especially sole leathers I warn them to give no attention to such stories, as I handle nothing and never will sell anything but the very best stock at the lowest price, and defy competition.

I. GUGGENHEIMER.

—Notwithstanding the caucus meetings in the several wards and a minstrel entertainment in the Reynolds Opera House, Gregg Post, No 95, held its usual meeting on Saturday night. Commander H. H. Benner was promptly in his place at 7½ o'clock, and opened the Post in due form and solemnity. Not having much business to perform the Post closed in its usual order, there being very few in attendance under the circumstances.

—One of the paths that leads to fortune is to purchase groceries of Sechler, in Bush House block.

—Mr. Philip Durst of Centre Hall has reason to repent the generous hospitality that he extended to a tramp on Sunday, the 11th. The fellow remained at Mr. Durst's house over night and took "French leave" on Monday morning, carrying with him a pair of fine boots, a handkerchief and a bottle of tooth-ache liniment.

—Do you really want a first-class cigar? Then buy it of Harry Green.

**Business and Other Notices.**

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE.—"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

FOR THICK HEADS, heavy stomach, bilious conditions, "Wells' May Apple Pills" anti-bilious, cathartic. 10 and 25c.

SKINNY MEN.—"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

Wm. H. Midlam, Harrisburg, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters speedily cured me of a nervous affection of the stomach."

Suits made to your own measure for $15.00. Leave your order to-day.
MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

WANTED.—25 young ladies to operate on the Domestic sewing machine. Apply to Goldsmith Brothers, Bee Hive one price stores.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

**Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.**

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

**Good Words from Druggists.**

"Malt Bitters are the best 'Bitters.'"
"They promote sleep and allay nervousness."
"Best Liver and Kidney medicine we sell."
"They knock the 'Chills' every time."
"Consumptive people gain flesh on them."
"Malt Bitters have no rivals in this town."
'Best thing for nursing mothers we have."
"We like to recommend Malt Bitters."

**Oh, What a Cough!**

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

**Sales Register.**

MARCH 8, 1883.—R. L. Underwood, in Union township, will sell a large let of farming tools, stock and household furniture.

MARCH 6, 1883.—M. D. Silknitter, will sell horses, cows, farming implements and household furniture, at residence, near Crider & Son's mill, Snow Shoe.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14.—In Marion township, 9 miles east of Bellefonte, at 10 o'clock a. m., at farm of J. Z. Long, on road between Jacksonville and Hublersburg, farm stock including horses, cows, sheep and hogs; and also farm implements and household goods.

FRIDAY, MARCH 23.—George G. Wilson will sell at residence of Samuel P. Gray, in Patton township, 3 miles east of Stormstown, at 10 o'clock a. m., farm stock, personal property and household furniture.

THURSDAY, MARCH 8.—At residence of R. L. Underwood, in Union township, one-half mile west of Unionville, at 10 o'clock a. m., excellent farm stock and implements, and also household furniture.


**WE**

Desire to say to the people of Bellefonte and vicinity that now is your time to buy your clothing, boots and shoes at the Boston Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa., and we take this opportunity of saying that you

**WILL**

find a large stock of heavy winter clothing, boots and shoes which we will sell at and below cost within the next sixty days. In fact, we do

**NOT**

at any time ask a large profit, but we will sell you this at your own price. This is a rare chance for buyers of clothing, boots and shoes, and we are positive that it will not

**BE**

offered again. We will sell a fine Diagonal Overcoat worth $14, for $8; a good suit of clothes that sells all over for $8 we will sell for $4.50. Remember we mean business when we say that we will not be

**UNDERSOLD.**


AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre county. In the matter of the account of W. S. Williams, executor of etc. of Sarah S. Williams, deceased, the auditor appointed by the Court to hear and determine exceptions filed to said account, if any there shall be, and to make distribution of the balance in accountant's hands to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office, in Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 15th day of March, A. D., 1883, at 10 o'clock, a. m. S. D. RAY,
15 7 3t Auditor.

ESTATE OF ROBERT KENDALL, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to
15 7 6t GEORGE DALE, Lemont, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre county. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans Court to pass upon exceptions filed to the account of Bordign Butler, guardian of the minor children of Thomas Brown, deceased, will meet all parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, March 8, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, where all concerned may attend. JNO. G. LOVE,
8 3t Auditor.


*Valentines Store Co., "Limited."*

**AS IT WAS SINCE THE COMMENCEMENT,**

**AND WILL BE TO THE END.**

**One Price! One Price! One Price!**

NOT ONLY FOR

**C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G**

BUT FOR

**Dry Goods, Notions,**

**BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,**

**Gents' Furnishing,**

**QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE, GROCERIES,**

(No adulterated goods)

The untarnished reputation of the old firm for Honesty and Uprightness will be fully sustained by their successors.

**Valentines Store Co., "Limited."**

15-8tf

*Michael Levi & Co.*

**The Keystone One-Price Clothing House**

Will be open to the public with the largest stock of

**Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,**

**HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES. Etc.,**

Ever seen in Centre County,

**AT WAGNER'S OLD STAND,**

**28 East Allegheny Street,**

ON OR ABOUT APRIL 1, 1883.

We intend to fill the great want of the people of Centre County for some time past, and that is a

**ONE-PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE**

That has got the grit to come amongst you with stock to suit every one and large enough to supply the entire county, to be sold only on a basis that you may call

**Honorable Dealing, or Fair and Square.**

—:o:—

We shall carry on hand the finest makes of CLOTHING manufactured, such as the celebrated

**Rochester, Boston and Buffalo.**

—:o:—

*We will fit a Fat Man or a Lean Man, a Large Man or a Small Man.*

—:o:—

**Our Boys' and Children's**

**CLOTHING DEPARTMENT**

Cannot be equaled for Style, Beauty and Durability in Fines and Knockabouts.

—:o:—

**The Gents' Furnishing Department**

Will be complete in all of the Latest Novelties.

THE OLD WILL BE MADE YOUNG BY SELECTING THEIR GOODS FROM US.

—:o:—

OUR MOTTO SHALL BE

**POSITIVELY ONE PRICE AND SQUARE DEALING.**

—:o:—

**MICHAEL LEVI & CO.**

**Wagner's Old Stand,**

**28 East Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.**

15-7-1y

*Frank P. Blair.*

**FRANK P. BLAIR**

has just received another lot of small Stem Winding Watches in Silver and Nickel, just the thing to make a boy happy, as it's the height of any boy's ambition to carry a Watch. These are reliable and serviceable, and are not expensive.

Also some more of those little bits of Watches which are so fashionable among the girls. These are much worn in other places and are considered just the thing.

A large line of Children's sets of Knife, Fork and Spoon with and without cases in Extra and Triple Plate. They are decidedly elegant goods; much more so than at any other season. A very few dozen of the Genuine Rogers' Triple-Plated Knives. They are as cheap as the imitation and worth twice the price of any other knife offered.

A Gold Headed Cane would likely be just the thing you are looking for; they are useful, ornamental and always appreciated.

Gold Thimbles from the lowest in price to the most elegant They are always just the thing and last a lifetime, and you can make no mistake

See the Castors and Cake Baskets.

I would like to show you my leading Tea Set—cheap and just the thing for actual use, Copper Bottom, and can be set on the stove and used the same as Britannia or tinware, and they come very little higher than a common unplated set.

Some people thought it foolish to bring a stock of Fine Diamonds to Bellefonte, but they will find considerably more Diamonds worn here after the holidays than before.

*Your attention is particularly called to Japanese wares. They are genuine goods made in Japan and not in Jersey. They must be closed out this week as I have no room to keep them over. They are all below the cost of importation and some of them are given away for nothing.*

**FRANK P. BLAIR,**

*No. 2, Brockerhoff Row.*

**Bellefonte Republican.**

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

## THE LATEST NEWS.

### The Perils of Ignorant Miners.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 11.—The fate that apparently awaits Polish and Hungarian emigrants in and about the coal mines of this region is most uninviting. The alarming increase of mine accidents and explosions recently is mainly due to an imperfect knowledge of the English language and their entire ignorance of the danger which surrounds them. Another accident occurred yesterday morning at Myers & McCreary's Bear Ridge colliery Mahanoy plane, by which Jacob Azlozowsky was fatally and George Sakolosky seriously injured. Several months ago the work of cutting the ground on the top of the coal and blasting it out was begun at Bear Ridge colliery, and as this system of mining does not require experienced miners the Hungarians and Poles were engaged. While Azlozowsky and Sakolosky were skipping the coal a large quantity of earth and rock, which they undermined, suddenly gave way and fell on them.

### Legislative Work.

HARRISBURG, February 12.—The senate to-night was engaged principally in hearing bills on first reading. In the house, after hearing reports from committees, a debate sprung up on a motion to place on the calendar the negatived bill to prevent judges, state officers and members of the legislature from receiving passes from railroad companies. The matter was discussed at length, but was finally agreed to by a vote of 136 to 34. An effort to make an anti-discrimination bill out of the committee and place it on the calendar was defeated. The negatived bill to prevent the assessment of public officials by political parties was placed on the calendar, after a brief discussion by a vote of 161 to 8. A congressional apportionment bill was introduced by Neely, which makes 12 republican and 16 democratic districts, three of them, however being doubtful.

### A Nurse Girl's Barbarity.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 12.—Adaline Hamilton, a colored girl aged 14 years, was arrested and locked up yesterday morning, on the charge of deliberately burning the feet of Solomon Adams, a colored baby a year old. The injuries inflicted by the colored girl resulted in the child's death. The burning took place about two weeks ago, during the absence of the child's mother, when the girl was left in charge of the infant. The baby becoming cross and fretful, the girl held its bare feet against a red-hot stove, burning the flesh to a cinder clear to the bone. Mortification set in, and the child died on Sunday. A warrant was obtained for the fiendish girl's arrest, and she was taken in custody. It is thought that the girl is slightly demented.

### A Railroad Contest in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 11.—The East End railroad company filed a bill in equity yesterday and obtained a preliminary injunction restraining the Pennsylvania railroad company from encroaching on their route by digging away the hill above their tracks from Washington to Sixteenth street. The plaintiffs claim that their right of way takes them 150 feet above and away from the Pennsylvania railroad, and that if the latter is allowed to blast and dig away any more of the hill their route will be rendered impracticable. The East End railroad runs parallel to the present Pennsylvania railroad for a long distance and is the route by which Vanderbilt's new line is expected to enter this city.

### A Young Skater Drowned.

READING, Feb. 11.—Yesterday afternoon Stewart McNoll, in company with a young man named Stetler, went on the ice on the Schuylkill near the Harrisburg bridge to skate. They made an attempt to cross to the opposite side, but the ice being too weak they both broke through. Young McNoll soon sank out of sight and his companion made a narrow escape from death. The unfortunate young man remained under the water twenty minutes. All attempts to resuscitate him failed. He was about 20 years old and a prominent officer of the Sons of Veterans.

### Legislative Work.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 13.—At the ses of the house this afternoon the bill prohibiting the sale of oleomargarine butter unless branded "Oleomargarine Butter" passed finally. The penalty is a fine of not less than $50 or imprisonment from ten to thirty days or both. An act granting a pension of $40 and an annuity of $120 to soldiers and widows of soldiers of the war of 1812 passed finally. The bill regulating liabilities of employers for personal injury of workmen was amended by a special committee and laid over for third reading.

### A Heavy Failure.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—The Bay State iron company has failed on account of the depression in the iron trade and limited capital, since its previous embarrassment about five years ago. The liabilities are $750,000. The last official statement of affairs showed liabilities of $650,000 while the quick assets amounted to only $450,000. The plant, however, is worth $1,000,000 and the treasurer thinks that with good management creditors will eventually lose nothing.

### A Plunge to Death.

CINCINNATI, February 13.—A shocking disaster is reported by telephone from the western part of this city. Both freight and passenger depots of the Cincinnati Southern railroad were undermined and fell into the surrounding water, carrying with them a hundred or more people. The depots were one story frame structures, resting on the McLean avenue fill, which was almost covered by water. On both sides of the fill the water was thirty to fifty feet deep. The earth has become so soaked as to melt, and the catastrophe was further hastened by the breaking of a sewer, which sent its current along the bank. Crowds of people had been in the vicinity looking at the floods. It is supposed those are the victims.

Later information makes it definite that three boys, two freight handlers and four members of Coup's circus are drowned. No bodies have yet been recovered. The names of the members of Coup's circus reported missing are Harry Cardoni, of England; Miss Fanny Raindoff, of New York; William G. Franklin and William C. Matthews, of St. Louis. The baggagemaster says he heard a rushing noise and hurried around and saw the depot give away. He is sure that at least fifty people were thrown into the water. It now appears certain that the disaster was caused by the breaking of the great sewer.

LATER—But for the positive statement of one man, who says at least twenty-five went down in the water, it would be difficult to say that any lives were lost, with the exception of the members of Coup's circus who are reported missing. Nothing like a definite statement can be made as to the loss.

### The Flood at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 12.—The flood is but two feet below the great December flood of 1847. Houses along the river front are vacated and drift is damaging them seriously. Fourth street is closed from Main to the river. Every building in the shipping part has from three to eight feet of water on the floor. The cement mills, the principal industry there, are submerged. Nine squares in Portland are at the mercy of the water and business is at an end. The houses on the river front will have water on the second floors before morning. It is estimated that at the shipping part and Portland 1,800 persons are homeless. Most of them are poor and great suffering exists. The losses aggregate $50,000. In the city proper heavy damage has been done by the stoppage of factories and 2,000 men are thrown out of employment.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 13.—The situation here may be briefly summed up as follows: All the point is under water and the country beyond the cut off, comprising one hundred and fifty houses and known as Bowleville, is flooded. Half of Portland and all of Shippingport are in the waves. All day long a stream of people passed up and down the Shore Line track to look at the ruin wrought by the swollen river. The outlook is appalling. Houses are overturned, some on their sides and some almost on their roofs. Other buildings are crushed to pieces. Most of the houses are small cottages of frail construction and perhaps one-third of these in the flooded locality have been swept from their foundation. In the lower hollows of the bottom lands the water is within a foot or two of the roofs of the houses. The entire neighborhood is doing all it can for the succor of the sufferers. Several persons were rescued along the wharf. The river is still rising an inch per hour.

### Fear of High Water.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 14.—The unprecedented rise in the Ohio river, together with the fact that the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers are also on the rampage, naturally cause anxiety as to the state of affairs on the Lower Mississippi cotton lands; and, also in regard to the condition of the levees in the valley south of this city. So far as can be learned work has progressed very satisfactorily on the levees built under the inspection of the government engineers in this district, which extends southward from Friar's Point, Miss., to the mouth of the White river. The farmers on the lower lands of the St. Francis are preparing for the worst. Those living above Wittsburg, near the point where the Iron Mountain railroad crosses the St. Francis are removing their stock to the ridges in the interior. The main danger in the Arkansas bottom lands arises from back water, which, if the river remains high for any length of time, will flood the bayous and inlets. The country that will suffer most by the waters now coming lies between Memphis and Friar's Point, Miss., a distance of ninety miles. There are innumerable breaks between here and there, and but little has been done to repair them. It is the opinion of those best able to judge that the river here will rise to within two feet of the great overflow of last year, when the whole country between Cairo and New Orleans was one watery waste.

### Cincinnati Using Tallow Dips.

CINCINNATI, February 12.—The chamber of commerce to day appointed a committee to collect money and provide for the wants of the sufferers. Ten thousand dollars were raised in a few minutes. Three hundred head of cattle were drowned at Yorkes' distillery this morning. Gas is completely exhausted and candles are in great demand. The theaters are using electric lights, but the attendence is very small.

### Heirs of Many Millions.

BOSTON, February 14.—J. P. McIlrath for several years in the government secret service in this city, states that he is one of a dozen heirs who will shortly come into the possession of a fortune estimated at $100,000,000 in England. He says for fifteen years the heirs have been at work to bring this about, and a recent cablegram indicates that the long desired result has been attained at last. The matter is still in the hands of attorneys, but it is virtually settled. Mrs. Frances Peir, Mr. McIlrath's grandmother living in Geneva, Lake county, Ohio, is the first and nearest heir to the great fortune. Mrs. Peir was born in 1827, and was a close relative, and is now the nearest living relative, of Colonel Bradford, of Mayflower fame. Besides J. P. McIlrath, there are his brothers, Webster, Phillip, Oliver Condit and William of Cleveland, O. Besides these who will get a slice of the great fortune, there are Mrs. Robinson, of the same city, all daughters of Mrs. McIlrath. Mrs. Peir, of Geneva, is the nearest living descendant of Colonel Bradford, who received his great fortune from his second wife, Alice Carpenter, who in turn received her wealth from her first husband, an English nobleman. The story of the courtship in England, the separation of Colonel Bradford and Miss Carpenter and their subsequent meeting and marriage in America, when Colonel Bradford was a widower, and his first love a widow, is a matter of history.

### A Disastrous Fire.

MAHANOY CITY, Pa., Feb. 14.—At a late hour Monday night fire broke out in a back building in a row of frame houses in the upper section of this place, and, before morning, seventeen families had been rendered homeless. The fire spread with frightful rapidity, and many of the inhabitants of the tenement houses destroyed had barely time to escape in their night-clothes. The flames originated in the kitchen of Frederick Gehring's house, from some clothes which had been hung near the stove to dry.

The four double and four single houses destroyed were owned by James Raridon, Andrew Comrey, James Mines, Mrs. Davidson and William T. Harris. The loss on the buildings is estimated at $12,000. The burned houses were occupied by the families of James Raridon, John Kurnick, Mrs. Jones, a widow; Patrick Ryon, Frederick Gehring, Mrs. Price, Margaret Davis, Alfred, Crobaugh, John Price, Mrs. Lance, Robert Kane, William Maguire, alias "Bully Bill," of Molly Maguire fame; Frank Thomas, John Ryan, Joseph Watkins, Thomas Prosser and Thomas Hammond. The losses of the unfortunate tenants range from comparatively small amounts to $500. A number saved their valuables, but others lost the greater part of their furniture.

### An Amendment to be Offered.

HARRISBURG, Pa., February 14.—The senate committee on constitutional reform has decided on the following amendments to the prohibitory amendment:

SECTION 1. The manufacture, sale or keeping for sale of any intoxicating liquors that seem to be used as a beverage is forever prohibited within the commonwealth, and the general assembly shall without delay enact such laws with sufficient penalties as may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

SEC. 2. The manufacture, sale or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors for other purposes than as a beverage shall be regulated by law under sufficient penalties.

The amendment will be presented to-morrow.

### Wrestling with Important Questions.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—A considerable pressure is being brought to bear from various directions for a high license for saloons, and councils are considering the matter. As councils contain several saloon-keepers of no very lofty type, the prospect for the abolition of low groggeries in Chicago is not flattering. A council committee is agitating the question of compelling street railways to furnish better accommodations for traffic. They are now ridiculously inadequate.

### Murder of a Missouri Farmer.

ST. LOUIS, February 14.—A dispatch from Poplar Bluff, Mo., says: Jacob Vincent, a prosperous farmer, was found dead in the woods last Friday, four miles from his home, at Campbell, Dunklin county, Missouri. The body showed that the deceased had been shot from his house, and then brained with the breech of a rifle. The theory is that Vincent was murdered for his money. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of James Vincent, a cousin of the deceased, and a step-son-in-law.

### Objecting to Hungarian Labor.

CONNELLSVILLE, February 13.—The coke country has been placarded with posters declaring against the employment of Hungarians at the various works, and an effort will, in all probability, be made to drive the Hungarian laborers from this district, although there is no present probability of an outbreak. The amount of coke remains about as heretofore, and nearly all the works, except this, having orders ahead, are making 72 hours' coke.

### Accused of Cutting Rates.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 13.—The Ohio and Mississippi and Indiana and St. Louis railroad companies are accused of cutting rates on grain to seaboard points and Commissioner Fink has telegraphed here stating that unless something is speedily done to prevent it there will be a sharp war of rates, and he asks for a meeting of the general managers with a joint executive committee on the 21st inst. to see if the trouble cannot be averted.

### Cassidy After Lane.

PHILADELPHIA, February 13.—Upon the application of Attorney General Cassidy this afternoon the court of common pleas granted a quo warranto summoning David H. Lane to show cause why he should not be removed from the office of recorder of Philadelphia, which office he now holds. The writ is made returnable February 24. Governor Pattison had requested Lane to vacate the office, but the latter claims that he cannot be removed at the pleasure of the governor except for cause.

### A Slim Attendance.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—The attendance at the opening evening session of the house was small. The legislature appropriation bill was considered in the committee of the whole. Amendments were offered fixing the number of collection districts under the internal revenue bureau, by Thompson, of Kentucky, at not more than 46; by Bayne, of Pennsylvania, 75. Rejected. By Holman, of Indiana, at 60. Pending action the house adjourned.

### A Complaint.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—O'Donnell, member of parliament for Dungarvan, writes to the *Times* complaining that while informers and paid witnesses are allowed every opportunity of putting their stories together and improve their memory by consulting each other, the Irish prisoners in Kilmainham jail are kept in solitary confinement and hindered from producing evidence for their defense.

### Convicted of Manslaughter.

SUNBURY, Pa., Feb. 12.—The jury in the case of John Kelly, on trial for the murder of Michael Meehan at this place in December last, rendered a verdict this afternoon of manslaughter. Kelly was then sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the eastern penitentiary. Both men were railroad laborers.

### Giving the Ice a Chance.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Feb. 12.—The Susquehanna boom company has a gang of men at work cutting away ice below their boom in order to give the gorged ice a chance to pass away by the action of the water and sun, and no trouble is apprehended. There is no intention whatever of cutting a channel through the entire length of the gorge.

### To be Restrained.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—An action has been commenced in the superior court by Josiah C. Rieff, a stockholder in the Western Union telegraph company, to restrain the consummation of the lease of the Mutual Union company by the former. A bond was filed this morning in the case by the plaintiff.

### A Stage Upsets in a River.

READING, Pa., February 12.—A stage coach was upset to-day by the strong current while crossing the Schuylkill eight miles below here and was carried several miles down the stream. The occupants, nine in number, were rescued, some of them in an exhausted condition.

### Will be Draped in Mourning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—As a mark of respect to the memory of the late ex-postmaster general, Marshall Jewell, the postoffice department will be draped in mourning for thirty days and closed on Wednesday next, the day of the funeral.

### Arrested for False Pretense.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 13.—R. J. Fleming, of Chicago, was arrested here today on the charge of obtaining money under false pretense. It is alleged that his frauds will amount to nearly $500,000. Fifteen thousand dollars were found on his person.

### Still Missing.

LONDON, February 12.—A dispatch from Dublin denies the report that the sword blades thrown into the basin of the gas works by Kavanaugh and Brady had been recovered. The blades are still missing.

### Peruna.

This medicine was introduced to the medical profession and to the public at large by S. B. Hartman, M. D., in 1877, after he had prescribed it to over 40,000 patients in almost every disease to which flesh is heir.

It is wholly composed of numerous vegetable ingredients, each one of which is acknowledged by the medical profession to be the most potent of all the herbal remedies known to medical science.

But its great virtue is mainly attributable to the new and peculiar proportions in which the harmonious ingredients are combined, and to the extreme care exercised in its manufacture, using only the pure, active principles, and excluding all that is crude or irritating. No one should be without Peruna.

'Morning! Cold as blazes morning," greeted a business man yesterday. "Pretty cold, certainly; but why utter such an absurdity as 'cold as blazes?' Blazes are hot, you know." "What would you say?" "Oh, say it's cold enough to freeze two dry rags together, or something of that sort." The lesson in etymology being over, both passed on.

### It Tells its Own Story.

LANCASTER, N. H., Dec. 3, 1879.—By the way, I will say that I think Downs Elixir the best cough remedy that I can find at our druggists. We always use it. J. S. PREAVEY, Pub. *Republican*.

All diseases arising from biliousness or torpid liver, are cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

### How to Handle a Liar.

Peck's *Sun* says the only way to deal with a liar is to beat him at his own game. That is, of course, unless he is the editor of a pious newspaper. What started this item was reading about an American who had been to Europe, and who was telling a friend, who knew he was a liar, about his trip across the Atlantic, and how, on the 25th of the month, "they encountered a swarm of locusts, that carried every stitch of canvas off the ship. "The listener looked thoughtful a moment, and then said, hesitatingly: 'Yes, I guess we met the same swarm of locusts the next day, the 26th. Every locust had on a pair of canvas pants." The first liar went around the corner and kicked himself.

HOPE.—It is somewhat singular that it is the little State of Rhode Island, least of all the Sisters in the Union, that should have inscribed upon her seal the one word, HOPE. One would think that the founders of the State had forseen that in its chief city, Providence, there would afterwards be discovered a remedy for the afflicted, which has inspired more hope in the hearts of the sick than any presented to the public. But whether they dreamed of Hunt's Remedy or not, that medicine is produced in Rhode Island, and embodies in it the cheering word of her State seal, *Hope*. Nor does it bid men hope only to mock their hopes, but with power to satisfy and cure. To all who have dropsy, weakness of the back produced by an affection of the kidneys or urinary organs, Hunt's Remedy comes with hope. Try it, and you will bless both Little Rhody and Little Rhody's most celebrated production, Hunt's Remedy.

There are some people so eaten up with curiosity that they would turn a rainbow to see what color its back is.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete treatment for $1.

Fanny, you are right. It is better to return a kiss for a blow; and a great deal sweeter.

J. W. Minnick, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters afforded me great relief in indigestion."

Whoever doubts that the newspapers have a mission should enter a car and see how useful they are to the men when a fat woman with a big basket is looking around for a seat.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

*Miscellaneous.*

CANCER REMOVED without knife. Apply to DR. C. P. W. FISHER, Boalsburg, Centre county, Pa. 14-44-3m

There is no excuse for suffering from

**CONSTIPATION**

and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of

**DR. HENRY BAXTER'S**

**MANDRAKE BITTERS**

**Will give immediate relief.**

After constipation follows

**Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc.,** all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they

**PURIFY THE BLOOD.**

**Price 25 cts. per bottle.**

For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

PENNSYLVANIA

**STATE COLLEGE.**

**Winter Term Opens January 5, 1883**

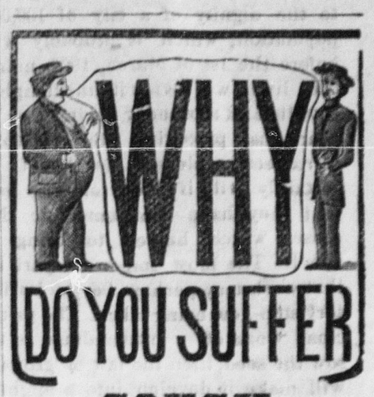
This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

*Miscellaneous.*




With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant, so certain,** and so **safe,** that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

**GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of**

**TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT**

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes,** the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

**F. POTTS GREEN,** BELLEFONTE, PA.

**JAS. HARRIS & CO.,**

DEALERS IN

**Hardware and Stoves,**

**BELLEFONTE, PA.**

**A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.**

**FROM THE SOUTH.**

**A Perfect Combination with two Salient advantages.—Why it Concerns You.**

"There is no mistake about it," remarked Dr. M. F. Flowers, of Gallatin, Missouri, "BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are one of the neatest combinations ever produced. They have two kinds of advantages over all others, which we may call the minor and the major. First, they are clean and pleasant to use, never soiling the hands or linen of the wearer. Second, they act quickly and powerfully. I have tried the Capcine plasters on myself for pneumonia and on my patients for various diseases, such as neuralgia, muscular rheumatism, lumbago, kidney trouble, etc., and in all cases relief has followed in from three to forty-eight hours.

Dr. Flowers merely voices the written or oral opinion of thousands in his profession. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are the perfect external application. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price, 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-6-4t

**The New York Weekly Herald.**

**ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.**

The circulation of this popular newspaper is constantly increasing. It contains all the leading news of the Daily Herald and is arranged in handy departments. The

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embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe. Under the head of

AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraphic Dispatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This feature alone makes

THE WEEKLY HERALD

the most valuable chronicle in the world, as it is the cheapest. Every week is given a faithful report of

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embracing complete and comprehensive dispatches from Washington, including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the questions of the hour.

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of the *Weekly Herald* gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, hints for raising Cattle, Poultry, Grains, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping building and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME,

giving receipts for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the *Weekly Herald* will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interests of

SKILLED LABOR

are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, Crops, Merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

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Sporting News at home and abroad, together with a Story every week, a Sermon by some eminent divine, Literary, Musical, Dramatic, Personal and Sea Notes. There is no paper in the world which contains so much news every week as the *Weekly Herald*, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You can subscribe at any time.

**The N.Y. Herald** in a weekly form **$1 a year**

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**NEW YORK HERALD,**

**Broadway and Ann St., N. Y.**

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Deep on the country roads the snow
Is sparkling to the moon,
While flecked with foam the swift steeds go,
Spurning the streets of ice below,
And huddled up in soft, warm fur,
Quite hidden from the traveler,
The lovers softly spoon.
O, what is so rare
As a ride in a sleigh
With a maiden fair,
And none to say nay?

—Did you receive a valentine?

—Beautiful blizzard, fresh from the West, go to the North pole and give us a rest.

—Daniel Dougherty, of Philadelphia, will lecture in Houtzdale on Washington's Birthday.

—Plate glass has been placed in the show windows in the store rooms that compose the first floor of the building in process of erection by D. G. Bush, Esq.

—That $50,000 which the citizens of Lock Haven are endeavoring to raise towards the machine and car works fund has not yet been secured although there is a prospect that it will be.

—An immense boiler weighing six tons was last week taken from the cars at the depot. It was brought from Trullinger's mill at Snow Shoe to the ware house of Gordon & Landis in this place.

—The Japanese tea party for the benefit of the young folks' missionary society of the Presbyterian church will be held to-morrow evening, February 22, in the vacant room formerly occupied by W. E. Burchfield as a grocery.

—From Bellefonte correspondence of Philipsburg *Journal:* "Of course the county will be expected to pay a large portion of the cost of a new bridge, and this one will be so near the home of Auditor Hewes that he cannot fail to see it when erected."

—Commercial travelers are surely to be envied in view of the elegant banquet that is to be tendered them on the evening of Washington's Birth day by Mr. C. G. McMillen, who will then enter upon his second year's proprietorship of the New Brockerhoff House.

—The *Centre Democrat* says that "Fritz" Graff, the gentleman who preceded Mr. Downing in the billiard business in this place, while coasting in Curwensville, a few days ago, fell off the sled, breaking one leg between the knee and foot. His condition is dangerous.

—Our esteemed friends, Rev. J. F. DeLong and lady, are rejoicing over the receipt of the sweetest little valentine seen in this place this season. The dainty little darling daughter arrived last Saturday, and, we hope, she will make their hearts glad through all the years to come.

—Harry Wilson, a well-known citizen of this place, is carrying around with him an injured hand, the injuries resulting from a recent fall on one of those slippery places which the Scripture sayeth "the wicked *stand* on," but on which, *contra*, the other kind of people are supposed to *fall*.

—Mr. John Anderson, proprietor of the excellent saloon and restaurant opposite the Bush House, has recently added telephone connection to his establishment and now the patrons of the Bellefonte Delmonico may order delicious repasts by wire. The law office of J. L. Spangler, Esq., and the Garman House will also soon be put in connection with the telephone speaking community.

—When the grocery firm of S. A. Brew & Son dispose of their business here they will remove what stock they still have on hand to their store already in operation at Moshannon. They do not purpose to open a new store at the latter place, but only to continue the business already begun. This statement is made for the general public, who are anxious to know and to more fully explain a reference to the subject which previously appeared in this journal.

—The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* says it is understood that an effort will be made to break the great ice jam between that place and Lock Haven by cutting a channel through it, the same way as was tried several years ago. The work was commenced on Monday morning of last week and will be pushed forward vigorously. The fear of a sudden thaw prompts this work of the lumberman, for should the river rise suddenly while the ice remains in that condition, great damage would result.

—Hereafter no mail matter can be forwarded in the mails after it reaches its original address without a new payment of postage, except letters which have one full rate (three cents) paid thereon, and newspapers which are to be forwarded to subscribers from one post office to another in the county where the paper is published. Under this ruling of the Post Office Department neither postal cards, transient newspapers or merchandise can be forwarded without a new payment of postage.

### THE BOARD OF TRADE.

**Important Work that it is Accomplishing—Various Business Interests Receiving a Fresh Impetus from it.**

We have not considered it expedient during the past month to give much attention to the work now in process of accomplishment by the Bellefonte Board of Trade, but, nevertheless, it has been working quietly and effectively and the fruits of its efforts are already apparent. Those who know the business men who compose this important organization do not doubt that it will accomplish all that can be accomplished, and it is with the hope of still further aiding the business boom that we write this article.

It is through the instrumentality of this organization that a night mail is now brought from Tyrone to this place and thus speed in business correspondence hastened in a great degree.

As is well known, the first efforts of the Board were directed to the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run R.R. Company, as that seemed to be the most important enterprise then pending and that they have enabled it to overcome several obstacles will be apparent to all. The railroad company at first promised that if the right of way was secured to them they would build the railroad without any financial aid from the citizens. As has been previously intimated, some persons owning land on the route of the proposed railroad manifested a strange obstinacy to granting this right of way, and consequently a second proposition was made by the railroad company to the citizens, viz., that the latter raise $10,000 toward the enterprise and the railroad company would then erect the road and locate a depot site in Bellefonte. We are pleased to say that all but $2,500 or $3,000 of this sum has been secured and we can entertain no doubt that the remainder of it will soon be forthcoming. A jury to assess damages has been appointed to traverse the route and arrange all necessary details. Before the last snow has disappeared from the hillsides Buffalo Run Valley will be a scene of excitement, bustle and energy such as was never before witnessed in that vicinity.

We are also authoritatively informed by the Board of Trade that Nittany Valley Railroad is also receiving their attention and aid with favorable prospects that it will develop into a reality. But of that more will be said when its affairs assume a more tangible shape.

But railroad matters have not exhausted the energies of the Board. They have merely quickened the spirit of enterprise, and in looking elsewhere they perceive that the telephone interests have not been developed in this vicinity to the same extent that they have in other and less favored communities. That Bellefonte has not telephone connection with Lock Haven and Tyrone is indeed surprising, and the Board of Trade recognize the importance of securing this immediately. At present the telephone connection includes a circle of only about fifteen miles, but connection with the two places named will increase this to the extent of between 200 and 300 miles. Extending the line to Lock Haven will place Bellefonte in connection with Williamsport, Sunbury and other places. By way of Tyrone, Altoona, Huntingdon, Clearfield, Curwensville, Philipsburg and several other places of importance in one direction will be secured, and in another direction will extend as far as Northumberland and Wilkesbarre; hence the importance of securing this connection as soon as possible.

To do this will involve but little expense. The plan of the Telephone Company is to issue 25 cent tickets to the amount of $1,200, to be sold in books containing $20 worth each. One party has already consented to take $200 worth of the entire amount. Several parties can unite in purchasing a single book and each 25 cent ticket will entitle the holder of it to one talk with anyone within the immense territory which has been already described. This will be of great satisfaction and value in some instances, and to business men it will be invaluable. When these tickets are all sold the Central Telephone Company will be obliged to complete the connection. A plain statement of these facts should induce every man who holds the interests of the place in which he lives at heart to enter into the enterprise with a zeal which knows no bounds and which will dispose of every ticket within a few days. To say more than this seems to us unnecessary.

Remember the many advantages this vicinity possesses over other communities in its rich deposits of ore and metal and in all that relates to the manufacture of iron, glass, etc. Remember the desirability of Bellefonte as a place of residence, blessed with all that salubrious climate, education and refinement can bestow. Remember that the completion of these enterprises will benefit not only Bellefonte but also all the surrounding neighborhood.

### St. Valentine's Day.

Last Wednesday, February 14, was St. Valentine's Day, observed by almost every unmarried lady and gentleman in this country and by many who have taken upon themselves the vows of the married state, though we do not suppose it would be considered at all proper for a husband to send one of the pretty missives that ornament the bookstore display windows to other than his wife, or for a wife to send one of them to other than her husband. It is very nice for all persons who have a strong attachment for each other, which it is proper to express, to show it in this way, and why should not a husband continue every year to declare his adoration for his wife by calling her "my valentine" in this expressive manner?

Valentines are now gotten up in an exceedingly elaborate and tasteful manner, the most beautiful and costly specimens not being seen outside the larger cities. In some instances they cost $500, and for a lady to receive one of these is expressive of unusual devotion on the part of her adorer, for if it does not express the sentiment of his heart it is extremely damaging to his pocketbook.

Many very handsome ones—as costly as can be sold—are brought to this place—the kind that a person would send to express respect and affection for another costing from 25 cents to $10 each.

The comic valentines appear as numerously as ever. We do not think persons should be offended at receiving one of these. They are amusing and worth laughing at if they answer no other purpose.

It is said that in ancient times the true and proper ceremony of St. Valentine's day was the drawing of a kind of lottery, and was performed as follows: On the eve of St. Valentine's day, the young folks of England and Scotland, by a very ancient custom, celebrate a little festival. An equal number of maids and bachelers get together; each writes their true or some feigned name on separate billets, which they roll up and draw by way of lots, maids taking the men's billets, and the men the maids; last one chosen called the other their valentine. St. Valentine himself was a priest of Rome, martyred in the third century, being beaten with clubs and then beheaded. His remains are preserved in the church of St. Praxedes, at Rome. He had nothing to do with the matter beyond the accident of his day being used for the purpose above.

### Another Faith Cure.

Huntingdon county people seem to possess more faith than their neighbors in the efficacy of prayer in healing disease. The *Semi-Weekly News*, of Huntingdon, relates the latest instance of a successful test which occurred in that county, as follows:

Mrs. Callie, the wife of Henry Baumgardner, who resides near Calvin, in Trough Creek valley, this county, is another example of the faith cure test. She has been unable to walk for eighteen months, owing to a fright which she had received when one of her children had the croup. A number of physicians have done all in their power to cure her, and as the disability does not come prom paralysis they are puzzled to know what to call it. Mrs. Baumgardner was induced to try the faith cure, and accordingly Miss Carrie Judd, of Buffalo, New York, the same lady who was consulted in behalf of Mr. John R. Neff, of Petersburg, and Thursday, the 1st inst., was set as the time prayers would be offered for her restoration. Unfortunately the letter in which the time was named did not arrive until Friday, the 2d, and when this fact was made known to Miss Judd, she appointed Thursday evening last as the time. Accordingly about seventy persons assembled at her residence that evening, and a prayer meeting was held, at which Mrs. Baumgardner gave her experiences and spoke hopefully of the change that was being wrought in her. Although not yet able to walk, we are informed that her intimate friends notice a great improvement in her since the 2d inst., and are hopeful that she will be fully restored by the prayers that are being offered.

—The initials "R. E. B., J. C. D., G. B. J., W. F. H., E. H. R., and W. W. B." represent the "Horse Shoe Six,' an organization of Bellefonte youths who, among other things, are fond of good cigars. A dozen or more boxes of this favorite article, mysteriously labelled with the figure of a horse shoe in addition to the above characters, attracted our attention and admiration quite recently. May the "Horse Shoe Six" spend many jovial hours in the enjoyment of the rich fragrance and flavor which exhales from this delightful combination of the favorite *plant*—nay, we shall not term it a *weed*.

### Gatesburg Gossip.

GATESBURG, February 12, 1883.

MR. EDITOR: Everything hereabouts is flourishing. I noticed in a recent issue a statement that a dwelling house and a store will soon be erected here. This is strictly true. The contractor for this enterprise was not named, however. He is Samuel Ellenberger, a resident of this place and a superior workman. Those desiring the services of a competent contractor might look further and fare worse.

Mr. Kintzle, a traveling dentist, occasionally visits Gatesburg. When here he may be found at the establishment of J. Fields, who gives excellent entertainment to all classes of the traveling public.

The happiest man in town is Joseph Myers. He has long cherished the fond hope that a genuine American boy might visit his home and make it his permanent abode and in a few years tear up things generally. Well, when it came it proved to be a girl, and Joseph is wonderfully pleased because girls are getting scarce in town.

A word about Tow Hill: Ore is being shipped daily in large quantities and trade is booming. The store located there employes two clerks, J.A. C. Rider and Samuel Hall, who are both smart young men. I also understand that there is a skating park in that vicinity where the young folks of both sexes enjoy themselves heartily.

The quantity of fresh milk makes mush and milk the principal article of diet hereabouts.

The thermometer lingers provokingly near zero.

CATO.

### Entertainment at Milesburg.

The Dr. George L. Potter Post of the G. A. R. at Milesburg are preparing to give two very fine entertainments to the people of that place on Friday and Saturday evenings, February 23 and 24.

The first entertainment—to occur on Friday evening, the 23d—will consist of Sciopticon views of men and places. They are beautiful and very interesting.

On Saturday, the 24th, an oyster supper will be provided. Cake and ice cream will also be offered for sale

The Milesburg brass band—a new organization—will be present on each occasion and will render delightful music. Careful practice has brought this band up to a state of excellence perhaps not surpassed in the county.

Our readers in all parts of the county who can possibly make it convenient to spend a few hours at this place on either Friday or Saturday evenings, or both, are invited to do so.

The proceeds will be for the benefit of the Dr. George L. Potter Post Let them be large, as the Post, wherever represented, is a worthy institution.

—The entertainments given by Prof. J. W. Cadwell, mesmerist, in Humes' Hall last week were excessively funny and interesting. The Professor was very successful in mesmerizing some subjects and on one or two he had no influence whatever. He also succeeded in paralyzing the entire side of one boy, and when a resident physician tested the paralyzed members with a pin no pain was felt and the Doctor pronounced the paralysis complete. He afterwards transferred the paralysis to the other side with a similar result. The absurd actions which he made those whom he influenced perform at his bidding showed his entire control over them. The Professor says that superior will power has nothing to do with this influence, but rather greater physical and electrical power in one than another. Those who were present pronounced it one of the funniest entertainments imaginable. We should also add that after the entertainment of Monday evening was over the Professor succeeded in completely mesmerizing two well known young ladies of this place.

—The fallacy of the superstition that the ground hog looks for his shadow on Candlemas day, and that upon his looking depends the state of the weather for the succeeding six weeks, was proven at the time by a curious resident of Chewsville, who secured a specimen hog early in the season, and kept him boxed for that occasion. Instead of taking up his body and hunting for his shadow on that day, his hogship continued to sleep as if he had properly paid for his bed. Persuasion and poking with a stick failed to arouse him.

—Our esteemed brother of the quill, Mr. Joseph Furey, of the *Watchman*, was the unfortunate victim of a fall while traversing Howard street the other morning. The result was terribly damaging—to the street. For the sake of the people who live in that section don't fall again in that manner, Mr. F.

—Ohio's road water men lost in October, but they are getting enough of it now.

### Pattison or Cassidy.

The Democratic Senators of Pennsylvania, remarks the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, are succeeding quite well in their effort to prove to the world that they care nothing for principle but everything for spoils. They profess to be opposed to Pattison's policy, but when brought to the point of open war they show the white feather because they will all want favors from him. Mr. Wallace will not say a word because he wants the Democratic party to hang together, even if by rotten threads, till he has reached the United States Senate once more. They do not care what Pattison does if he will but give them his confidence and unite with them to further schemes of political plunder.

As for Mr. Pattison, he appears determined to go his own way, whether that way is right or wrong, and if it please nobody but himself. And no matter what may be said of other acts, it must be admitted that his removal of the Republican ring officials in Philadelphia is commendable and his firmness in the matter admirable. Possibly the selections he has made to fill their places are from the ranks of the Cassidy faction. After Cassidy's appointment that inference is warranted. He has, however, deliberately provoked a very pretty fight and is thus making a reputation for bravery. It is to be regretted that the public will wonder how much of the bravery is his and how much is Cassidy's.

### Needs of the Hour.

Less rain and more snow.

A larger amount of ice in the ice houses and not so much in the rivers to form into gorges.

More temperate examples and less temperance talk.

Wealthy men who are generous and willing to give of their means for the benefit of all.

A man with energy and capital to open up the car works.

A club strong enough to break the back-bone of Winter.

One more Uncle Tom's Cabin troupe, just for variety, you know.

The unanimous opinion expressed throughout the county in favor of making the High street bridge a county bridge.

A handsome photograph gallery on the corner of High and Water streets with "C. G." for proprietor.

A new school house in the South or West wards.

The rendition of a few popular airs by that cornet soloist, Mr. R. A. Beck.

A musical convention in every borough and village of the county.

A few more business changes about the first of April.

### Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Rockel, New York. 14 24 1y

—We are thankful that we do not live on the banks of the broad Ohio.


*Miscellaneous.*

PE-RU-NA

Is Nature's greatest remedy, and is the principal ingredient of almost every prescription Dr. Hartman gives to his private patients.

PERUNA pleasantly agrees with every one—the young, the old, the middle-aged, the babe and the mother.

PERUNA cleanses the system of all its impurities; tones the stomach, regulates the heart, unlocks the secretions of the liver, strengthens the nerves and invigorates the brain.

PERUNA is the greatest appetizer, makes blood, and to the weary and tired from the toils and cares of the day it gives sweet and refreshing sleep.

PERUNA is composed wholly of vegetable ingredients, each one a great remedy in itself.

PERUNA is pleasant in taste and will help the stomach to digest any article of food.

In Liver and Kidney diseases, and in Chronic Catarrh, it has positively no equal. It never fails.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life."

For Piles, Diarrhœa, or Kidneys, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles $5.00.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH. 15-5 4t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Me. 5aldém3w1y

*Miscellaneous.*

Cuticura

RESOLVENT.

The New Blood Purifier.

I will now state that I made a miraculou cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. He did so, and was completely cured. The skin on his head, face and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now as soft and smooth as an infant's, with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months. Reported by F. H. BROWN, Esq. Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr. ——, in detailing his experience with the Cuticura Remedies, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my legs and both feet, which turned out to be Eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.

LEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South St., Baltimore.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the Great Skin Cures.

Price: Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Medical Toilet Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Medical Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure,

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged, membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, and smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, &c., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Weeks & Potter, Boston.

ELECTRICITY.

Gentle, yet effective united with Healing Balsam, render Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every pain, weakness and inflammation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

GRIST MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery

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BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

and to have old ones repaired.


EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Samuel Riders, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Riders, deceased late of Ferguson township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

J. A. C. RIDER, MRS. M. A. RIDER, } Executors.

Guyer P. O., Dec. 20, 1882. 15-2-6t


BALD EAGLE NURSERY.

Fruit, Shade, Evergreen Trees, &c. My usual stock for spring planting. Apple trees, 15 cts., $14 per 100. Peach trees, 12 cts., $10 per 100. Evergreen trees, 40 cts. each. No additional charge for putting up and delivering to railroad for shipment. Unionville, Fleming P. O., Pa. 15 6 4t W. P. FISHER.

PILES A SURE CURE sent for $1.00 per package. U. S. MED. CO., Walton, New York. 15 6 4t.

WANTED TEACHERS! $100 Per Month. Steady employment during Spring and Summer. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 15 6 4t

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&w1y

# Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance


## Local Department.

—The trade in rubbers is booming.

—The sun rises at 6.36 a. m. and sets at 5.24 p. m.

—The days are now 10 hours and 50 minutes in length.

—Prof. J. W. Cadwell, the mesmerist, is in Williamsport.

—John C. Miller made a brief visit to his home in Huntingdon on Thursday.

—Spring creek rose three feet above low water mark on Saturday afternoon.

—Is the Bellefonte Boat Club flag sold yet? If you want to buy it inquire of some of their lady friends.

—Mrs. Shultz, who resides near Centre Hall, fell on the ice a few days ago, sustaining a fracture of the wrist.

—An exchange says that a caucus is where thirty or forty men get together and vote as one man tells them to.

—Essington & Co.'s axe works at Milesburg resumed operations about a week ago and are now running on full time.

—The Lock Haven *Journal* proclaims that it has gained a victory over the *Democrat* of that city. Well, to the victor belongs the spoils.

—The cellar under the residence of our mercantile citizen, Adolph Loeb, is being sunk to a greater depth, and for that purpose tons of earth and stone are being removed from it.

—In addition to the other events on Washington's Birthday, the Knights Templar of this place will hold a regular meeting at which some interesting exercises will take place, which will be, however, strictly private.

—We understand that the Messrs. Goldsmith of the Bee Hive stores have rented the dwelling house owned by Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer on Linn street and will take up their residence there after the first of April.

—The potato bug has lived through the winter, unharmed by storms or floods. While workmen were digging for sand near Scranton, a few days ago, they found thousands of living potato bugs fifteen feet below the surface.

—Valentines' railroad bridge across Spring creek has been completed and the first car passed over it last Firday. The destruction of the bridge did not interrupt the work at the forges in any degree as all necessary material was transported by wagons.

—The patent door-closers are extensively used in Bellefonte. It requires considerable force to open a door to which one is attached as the resistance is quite strong. The door closes of itself, though not violently It is a very ingenious arrangement.

—Two letters which have been misdirected await claimants at the Bellefonte post-office. One is addressed "British American Assurance Company, Bellefonte, Pa.," and the other bears the inscription, "Mr. William Admenson, Centre county P. O., Pa."

—The Millheim Building and Loan Association elected officers on Monday evening, the 11th instant, as follows: President, B. O. Deininger; Vice President, Frank Knarr; Secretary, A. Walter; Treasurer, J. H. Reifsnyder; Directors, S. D. Musser and J. B. Kreamer.

—The only ill feeling existing in journalistic circles in Centre county is that between the editors of the Centre Hall *Reporter* and the Millheim *Journal*, respectively. We know of no better remedy than to shake them up together in a bag. Shame, gentlemen; do not disgrace the fair fame of Centre county journalism.

—Mrs. Martin Laughlin, a resident of East Lamb street, met with a sad accident on Sunday evening while on her way to church. She fell on the ice in front of the Court House, breaking one of her lower limbs (which one we have not learned). The unfortunate lady was carried to her home where she received proper surgical attention.

—J. W. Miller returned from Williamsport on Thursday morning. The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, in referring to the part taken by him in the proceedings of the Association quarterly meeting says. "Mr. J. W. Miller, general secretary at Bellefonte followed with some suggestions as to "Personal Work." Mr. Miller is a young man of pleasing address and talks right to the point. He gave his audience a most interesting and practical talk."

### Ward Meetings on Saturday Evening.

The several ward meetings of the two political parties were held on Saturday evening at the places designated in the published proclamations of the chairman, viz:

North ward, Republicans at office of 'Squire John I. Rankin; Democrats at office of J. L. Spangler Esq.

South ward, Republicans at the Undine Hose House; Democrats at the office of D. F. Fortney, Esq.

West ward, Republicans in Williams paint shop; Democrats at office of P. Gray Meek.

The Republican borough conferees met at 7:45 o'clock at office of 'Squire Rankin and the Democratic conferees at office of D. F. Fortney, Esq. As the election will be over when this appears, we will give the two tickets in full. Following is the Republican ticket:

BOROUGH

Chief Burgess, Wilson I Fleming.
Asst. Burgess, Wilbur F. Reeder.
Assessor, Harvey H. Benner.
Asst. Assessors, J. Harvey McClure, Samuel Gault.
Treasurer, S. Durbin Gray.
Overseer of Poor, William S. Tripple.
Constable, Isaac Lose.
Auditor, H. H. Harshberger.
High Constable, Alvin Brady.

NORTH WARD.

Judge of Election, John B. Linn.
Inspector, James D. Gordon.
Council, Fountain W. Crider.
School Director, Harry B. Pontius.
Registration Assessor, Q. A. Daniels.

SOUTH WARD.

Justice of Peace, Jesse Klinger.

SOUTH WARD.

Judge of Election, Edward Chambers.
Inspector, Simeon Haupt.
Council, T. R. Reynolds.
School Director, Theodore Gordon.
Registration Assessor, David Parsons

WEST WARD

Justice of Peace, Jesse Klinger.

WEST WARD.

Judge of Election, Adam Herkimer,
Inspector, Isaac Haupt.
Council, William Shortlidge.
School Director, Valentine Smith.
Registration Assessor, Geo. Schrock

The Republican borough conferees were as follows: North ward, J. W. Rhone, Geo. L. Potter and A. J. Cook; South ward, James L. Sommerville, James McClure and Clement Dale; West ward, David Bartley, Charles Garner and J. D. Geissinger.

The Democratic ticket is as follows:

BOROUGH.

Burgess, A. Sternburg.
Assistant Burgess, Robert Larimer.
Constable, M. J. Dolan.
Assessor, William L. Steele.
Assistant Assessors, Daniel Garman and Jared Harper.
Treasurer, ———
Overseer of Poor, J. M. Keichline.
High Constable, Peter McMahon.
Auditor, J. W. Gephart.

NORTH WARD.

Judge of Election, S. M. Buck.
Inspector, Peter Wilhelm.
Council, M. W. Cowdrick.
School Director, J. C. Harper.
Registration Assessor, R. J. McKnight.

SOUTH WARD.

Justice of the Peace, Charles Smith.

SOUTH WARD.

Judge of Election, Jacob Showers.
Inspector, V. J. Bauer.
Council, Richard McCafferty.
School Director, John Hoffer.
Registration Assessor, E. J. Bradley.

WEST WARD.

Justice of the Peace, Charles Smith.

WEST WARD.

Judge of Election, Joseph Gross.
Inspector, Christian Derr.
Council, S. A. McQuistion.
School Director, Abram Lukenbaugh.
Registration Assessor, J. W. Barnes.

—The new military bill introduced by Senator Watres is being sharply criticised. It proposes important changes. It provides that the staff of the commander-in-chief shall consist of an adjutant general, with the rank of brigadier general, and not more than three aids, to be detailed from the staff of the major general. At present it consists of twenty officers with rank from brigadier general down to lieutenant colonel. The bill further provides that the staff of the major general shall be appointed by that officer, and approved by the commander-in-chief, and shall consist of an adjutant general, an inspector general with rank of colonel of cavalry, a quartermaster general, a commissary general, a surgeon general, a judge advocate general, an ordnance officer and an inspector of rifle practice.

—We understand that the bridge between Milesburg and Tangletown is in an unsafe condition and has been so declared by experts who have examined it.

### An Involuntary Plunge into Deep Water.

Our excellent fellow-townsman, Mr. John H. Sands, kindly volunteered on Sunday afternoon to take Mrs. Julia Robb, a relative, to visit her friend, Mrs. Gottlieb Haag, who resides at Pleasant Gap. Much enjoyment was anticipated from this visit as it was the first time she had the opportunity to respond to her friend's numerous and urgent invitations. The lady and gentleman had progressed on their way as far as the large pond above Valentines' business office, when Mr. Sands, in endeavoring to guide the sleigh over the little snow that remained on the road, went too near the water's edge. The snow was so mingled with ice that the sleigh commenced to slide towards the water. The earth, which was rendered soft by recent rains and warm sunshine, gave way and the sleigh careened over into the water, which is five or six feet deep at that point. Of course the occupants of the sleigh found themselves floundering around in this aqueous fluid which our readers know is unusually cold and clear just at that point because of its proximity to numerous springs. The horse was also dragged into the water and there seemed imminent danger that all would be drowned. But the lady, in falling, perceived about two feet of pipe which connects with Mr. Amos Mullen's residence, projecting into the water. She clutched frantically to this, and held herself above the water, until Mr. George Miller and Mr. Maurice Hicks, who live in that vicinity, hastened to her aid and, although she is a large lady, they soon had her safely on *terra firma*. Mr. Sands, as soon as he realized his situation, also struggled on land. Willing hands led the horse, which now began to kick frantically, upon the solid bank. Mr. Sands escaped without injury, but Mrs. Robb, we understand, sustained several bruises. The horse was not injured, the sleigh, however, being considerably damaged. We congratulate the gentleman and lady upon their fortunate escape from more serious consequences.

### Cullings from a Correspondent.

A very pleasant young gentleman writing over the signature "J. R.," which signifies Mr. Jesse Richards, in a recent letter to the Philipsburg *Journal*, discourses volubly upon men and events which came under his observation during an extensive trip through the county. He visited Mr. W. R. Miller's large fire brick works at Sandy Ridge which he tells us employs 100 men, pays out for labor, etc., $6,000 per month, and turns out 7,500,000 bricks yearly.

His travels included Port Matilda, which, he says, received its peculiar name from Mr. Beckwith, its original owner. The gentleman combined part of the name of one of his favorite beverages (port wine), and the Christian name of one of his daughters (Matilda), hence the name Port Matilda. The lady who was thus honored is an old resident of Philipsburg, and a large property owner.

The people of Unionville, he says, are healthy, happy and contented with their houses and fortunes, and those whom he met and talked to concerning their pretty village seemed to be very willing to and, parenthetically or otherwise, owing to the nature of the conversation, "We are a temperance town. We haven't one licensed house. We have no use for a lawyer. Those who can't do without them have to go to Bellefonte for law and whiskey."

### The Flood in the River.

On Friday, at 9 a. m., there was an 8½ foot flood in the West Branch of the Susquehanna at Lock Haven and a 12-foot flood at Renovo, with the river rising rapidly. No damage was done at that time although serious results were feared.

The flood at Williamsport is already thirteen feet high, and the apprehension that the immense gorge between that place and Lock Haven will break is causing great consternation.

A Williamsport dispatch Friday evening was as follows: "The river continues to rise and is now twenty feet at points a short distance above the ice gorge and water is running into the canal. A number of farms are flooded and the inhabitants are moving out. The gorge is expected to move by to-morrow morning."

The condition of the river Saturday morning remained unchanged, except that the water had backed up the Bald Eagle and still further into Lock Haven. The ice gorge remained intact at that time, holding back the immense volume of water.

—There is a penchant among scribes to write the name Humes carelessly, causing it to be printed *Haines*. The Williamsport *Breakfast Table* is the latest offender in this respect and prints it *Haines Hall*.

### Methodist Mention.

The *Conference News* has the following to say in reference to two charges of the M. E denomination in this county:

PINE GROVE.

The good people of this charge who long ago captured the hearts of the pastor's family with their kindness again captured the parsonage on Saturday, 3d inst., by a flank movement in the shape of a surprise donation party. "The Lord reward them." A meeting at Meeks resulted in six accessions and precious results to the membership. A precious meeting now in its fourth week at Pine Grove Mills has so far several conversions and six or eight seekers nightly.

PHILIPSBURG.

Rev. J. B. Polsgrove, pastor. Perhaps there is not a town in the Central Pennsylvania Conference growing so rapidly as Philipsburg. It has nearly doubled its population in the last two years. The new parsonage begun last April was occupied by the pastor, the week before Christmas. It is a two story brick, size 38x38, with a Mansard roof, making a three story building, containing 14 rooms, including bath room. Neither time or money has been spared in making it first-class throughout; the sills and lintels are marble and granite, which, with its porches and bay window, give it an elegant appearance. The wood work and the trimmings are of the best. The building has all the modern conveniences, cold and hot water from the cellar up, gas, bath-room, and is heated with a heater in the cellar. The ladies of the congregation have furnished everything throughout not only neatly, but elegantly. Few preachers occupy a home equal to the one our pastor enjoys. We doubt whether there is as good a parsonage in the State outside of Philadelphia; and while the cost exceeds the original estimate, we have something to show for the expenditure. Bro. Polsgrove expects to have the entire cost provided for by Conference. He has labored hard during his stay among us, and it is to be hoped we may have him among us as long as the limits of Conference permit. We are now in the midst of a glorious revival; during the past three weeks 212 persons have made a profession of religion.

### A Flag for Sale.

The Bellefonte Boat Club are the owners of a very elegant flag, which they came into possession of last summer through the instrumentality of their lady friends. We are requested to announce that this handsome article, which contains in its capacious folds all the patriotism which every heart is supposed to entertain for this great country and which is increased a thousand fold by the fact that it was the gift of the ladies—yes, we are requested to announce, and we do so with tears in our eyes, that it is offered for sale. Now, it is a beautiful specimen and has great intrinsic worth because of the many associations which cluster around it, and it will bring a large price. The money will be devoted to a good purpose and will deliver every person in town from the heavy weight which is supposed to rest upon them. It will be used for no other purpose than to build the abutments of the bridge on High street destroyed by the flood, and then the commissioners will be perfectly willing to erect the superstructure. How glad we are that this precious piece of property will be devoted to so excellent a purpose. Let those who are willing to give a couple of thousand dollars for it bid immediately, as it will be disposed of to the highest bidder and is worth a princely sum.

—Our dear friend, the *Centre Democrat*, says it is a blunder on the part of the NEWS to advocate closing dry goods stores at 7 o'clock p. m. The *Democrat* is informed that we have committed that "blunder" all our lives and shall continue to do so while we have an existence. Bellefonte is behind the age in this respect, as in almost all places of any consequence the custom of early closing is universal. It gives inconvenience to no one and is a source of profit to the merchants, as the sales at night do not pay the expense of burning gas. The innocent, embryotic editor of the *Democrat* should become acquainted with the customs of the outside world in this respect. He should have a mild sympathy with the Knight of the Yard Stick and Tape Measure. But he ventured unthinkingly upon the turbulent sea of discussion and we shall be easy with him, hoping that he will live and learn.

—When people see a man advertise they know he is a business man, and his advertisement proclaims that he is not above business, but anxious to do it. Customers, like sheep, are gregarious, and flock where they see others go. If nobody else were engaged in the same business, it would be important to tradesmen and dealers to advertise in the paper, because people are tempted to buy what they read of. But others are engaged in the same business, and even if they do not advertise, it becomes the more important for you to do so; if they do advertise, it becomes doubly important.

—The moon was quarter full on Wednesday.

### Free Night Schools.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature providing that upon application of twenty or more pupils above twelve years, residing in any school district, the board shall open an evening night school, with a competent teacher, for instruction in common branches, and such others as may be deemed advisable, and continue for at least two hours a night for four months of twenty days each, during the year. No pupil under ten can attend, nor any who go to day school. When the average daily attendance for one month falls below 15, the school board may at their option close such school, and when it exceeds 30, an additional teacher shall be employed and retained as long as the average attendance continues above that number. Two or more contiguous districts may unite in establishing and maintaining one or more schools, bearing the expenses pro rata. School boards may, in making estimates, set apart a certain sum for night schools, and should their funds prove insufficient, may borrow enough and meet the liability by taxation the following year, the regular term not to be curtailed. For neglect or refusal to carry out the provisions of this act, school directors are liable to a fine of $100 and immediate removal from office, the act to take effect the beginning of the next school year.

### Farming in Nebraska.

John P. Harris, of this place, is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Levi Kustenborder, of Nelson, Nebraska. The letter concludes with the following attractive picture of a farmer's life in that locality:

"The weather has been pretty cold here for a short time past. We have some snow, but not much sleighing. We like this country very much so far. Farmers who move around on rented farms are foolish for so doing, when they can go to a new country in the West and have a farm of their own, which will not cost them much more than the taxes on the farms they now live on. The land, unimproved, here rates from $5.50 to $10 per acre. The taxes on my 80 acres were $8.90 last year. This same land was only $2.25 per acre two years ago and is still raising. It is prairie. I broke nineteen acres and raised good sod corn on it. We do not need to grub and pick stone a life time to get it so we can work it. It is ready when mowing time comes to start your mower.

"Yours truly,
"LEVI KUSTENBORDER."

—Bellefonte is contemplating the propriety of securing telephone connection with Altoona.—*Altoona Tribune.*

There is no question of "propriety" about it. We are quite willing to acknowledge at once that it would be quite "proper" to have telephone connection with the great railroad city. There would not be the least "impropriety" in a citizen of Bellefonte conversing over the wire with a denizen of Altoona; indeed, we would be so bold as to do it ourselves if opportunity afforded; and if you have any pretty girls at that end of the line we would request one of them to put her ear to the "phone," and we wouldn't blush. Oh, no; Bellefonte is only contemplating the advisability, expediency, *cost* of such a movement.

—If there is one thing more than another in which the people of this place should take pride it is in the high tone and great enterprise of its newspapers. There is not another town in the state of the same size that can equal it in this respect. Even the city newspapers, in numerous instances, are not so judiciously and ably conducted. It is exceedingly rare that anything in the least objectionable appears in the columns of any one of them. In this they are popular educators, and he who dares utter a complaint against them should be severely snubbed by one and all by having his name taken from the subscription list, and never restored to that place of honor—at least, hardly ever.

—The numerous friends and acquaintances of Postmaster John T. Johnson and lady assembled in large numbers, in response to invitations, at their hospitable residence on Linn street on Thursday evening. The pleasures of the occasion were on a par with those which usually attend the receptions of this distinguished and popular host and hostess. If we remember correctly the 31st anniversary of their wedded life was due on Sunday, the 19th, and the generous wishes expressed by guests for the continued welfare of the happy couple were more than usually profuse and hearty in view of the near approach of that important day.

—Sleighs will be put away temporarily and vehicles will go on wheels for a few days. Even the cartwheel hat will make its appearance.

### Personal Pencilings.

We record the stately and imposing presence of Mr. James Collins in town frequently of late.

Mr. Miller Tiffin spread a napkin at the Park Hotel, Williamsport, on Monday of last week.

Miss Mollie Stewart, of Snow Shoe, is a guest at the residence of Mr. Clinton Sausser, of Tyrone.

Mr. Edwin Garman has severed his connection with Valentines Store Co., "Limited," preparatory to engaging in business for himself.

Mr. Sol. Goldsmith, one of the busy proprietors of the "Bee Hive," started on a brief trip to New York City Monday evening of last week.

Mr. Daniel Botteiger, of near Spring Mills, has a severe attack of the western fever, and will remove toward the land of the setting sun in a few weeks.

Misses Bella Rankin and Sallie Riley, of Boalsburg, returned home last Thursday after a several weeks visit in Altoona, Harrisburg, Philipsburg and other cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keller arrived in Bellefonte on Saturday evening, the 10th. After spending a few days in Bellefonte and Boalsburg they returned to Washington to reside.

Mrs. Arthur Pearson arrived in the 5 o'clock train from Williamsport last Wednesday to join her husband in this place. They will make their home at the Bush House for the present.

Dr. Perkins, who presided over the recent musical convention at Centre Hall in such an acceptable manner, began a similar convention at Lewistown next week, assisted by Prof. Wm. T. Meyer as pianist.

### Telephone Talkers.

It has been noticed by people who have much to do with the telephone that people of different nationalities speak over the wires with different degrees of intelligibility, and some curious facts have been noticed in this connection. The American, naturally enough, is more readily understood than a foreigner speaking broken English, and he seems to take to the telephone more aptly than people of European birth. The German, ordinarily slow and quiet in conversation, becomes excited in the presence of a telephone, and talks rapidly and upon a high key. The Irishman's brogue comes over the wire sharply and distinctly, and he has little difficulty in making himself understood. The negro dialect, however, has peculiarities which render it difficult of being understood. Although the salutation "hello!" is not an elegant expression, it seems to answer the purpose perfectly. The combination of consonants and vowels is such as to create a distinct impression upon the instrument, and the accent coming strongly upon the final "o," aids very much in this effect. In some places attempts have been made to substitute a more polite word, but as yet there has not been found any word of greeting that answers as well as "hello!"

—Mr. Joseph Holter, who has charge of the P. R. R. round house at this place, met with an accident on Sunday night of last week, the force of water rushing through the hose with which he supplies the engines becoming so powerful as to tear the hose from its fastening and knock him to the ground, where he lay unconscious for some time with the water pouring over him. His injuries will confine him to the house for a month or more.

### Rebuilding a Mill.

Chaney & Thompson's saw mill, near Martha, which was destroyed by fire some time ago, is now being rebuilt more strong and substantial than ever. The destroyed building was fully insured. Mr. Budd Thompson, the manager of the business, is a very capable man and his presence at the head of affairs will ensure continued prosperity.

—The Y. M. C. A. conducted the services in the M. E. church Sunday evening in the absence of the pastor, Rev. George Penepacker. The congregation was very large and seemed to be much interested.

## MARRIED.

NEVIL—DUFFY.—On the 14th of Feb., by W. J. Thompson, J. P., Mr. J. F. Nevil and Mrs. E. M. Duffy, both of Potter township.

HERNDO—FYE.—On the 18th instant, by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. B. Franklin Herndo and Miss Maggie Fye, of Ferguson township.

LONG—LEATHERS.—On February 8, at the residence of Dr. L. R. Hensyl, in the presence of a large circle of friends, by Rev. J. A. Irvine, Mr. Peter D. Long, of Renovo, Clinton county, and Miss Lizzie A. Leathers, of Howard.

## DIED.

STAMM.—On the 5th instant, near Boalsburg, Mrs. Elizabeth Stamm, wife of Benjamin Stamm, aged 67 years, 9 months and 25 days

ZERBY.—On the 11th instant, in Penn township, of consumption, Reuben S. Zerby, aged 34 years, 8 months and 12 days.

He was a member of the Evangelical church. Funeral services at Paradise church on Wednesday, the 14th. Rev. P. C. Weidmeyer preached in German from Isaih 35:10; and Rev. J. D. Shortess in English from Romans 8:18.